COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-I

Placement : First Year MSC

Hrs of Instruction: Theory: 150 Hrs Practical: 650 Hrs Total: 800 Hrs

Course Description:

This course is designed to assist students in developing expertise and in-depth understanding in the field of community health nursing. It would help students to appreciate holistic life style of individual, families, groups and develop skills to function as community health nursing specialist/practitioner. It would further enable the students to function as an educator, manager and researcher in the field of community heath nursing.

Objective:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:-

- 1. Appreciate the history and development in the field of Community health and Community Health Nursing.
- 2. Appreciate the role of individuals and families in promoting health of the Community.
- 3. Perform physical, developmental and nutritional assessment of individuals, families and groups.
- 4. Apply the concepts of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of health while providing care to the people.
- 5. Apply nursing process approach while providing care to individuals, families, groups and community.
- 6. Integrate the concepts of family centered nursing approach while providing care to the community.
- 7. Recognize and participate in the management of emergencies, epidemics and disasters.
- 8. Apply recent technologies and care modalities while delivering community health nursing care.
- 9. Appreciate legal and ethical issues pertaining to community health nursing care.
- 10. Conduct community health nursing care projects.
- 11. Participate in planning, implementation and evaluation of various national health and family welfare programmes at local, state and national level.
- 12. Incorporate evidence based nursing practice and identify the areas of research in the community settings.
- 13. Participate effectively as a member of Community Health team.
- 14. Coordinate and collaborate with various agencies operating in the community by using intersectoral and multi-disciplinary approach.
- 15. Teach community health nursing to undergraduates, in-service nurses and the community health workers.
- 16. Demonstrate leadership and managerial abilities in community health nursing practice.

Unit	INC Hours	Content
Ι	10	 Introduction Historical development of Community health and community health nursing- World and India, various health and family welfare committees. Current status , trends and challenges of Community Health nursing. Health status of the community, Scope of community health nursing practice. Ethical and legal issues, Socio-cultural issues in Community health nursing? National Policies, plans and programmes: National health policy National health and welfare programmes National health and welfare programmes National health goals(MDG) /strategies. Plan and Health reports. National health rural mission.
Π	10	Health • Concepts, Issues • Determinants • Measurements • Alternate systems for health promotion and management of health problems • Health economics • Health technology • Genetics and health • Waste disposal • Eco system
Ш	15	 Population dynamics and control Demography Transition and theories of population National population policy National population programmes Population control and related programmes Methods of family limiting and spacing Research, Census, National Family Health Survey

Unit	INC Hours	Content
IV	30	 Community Health Nursing Philosophy, Aims, Objectives, Concepts, Scope, Principles & Functions Community health Nursing theories Quality assurance: Community health Nursing standards, competencies, Monitoring community health nursing, nursing audits. Health assessment-individuals, groups and community Roles and responsibilities of Community Health Nurse Family nursing and family centered nursing approach Nursing care for special groups; children, adolescents, adults, women, elderly, physically an mentally challenged – Urban and rural population at large. Community diagnosis, setting objectives Interventions: Micro and macro nursing plans, operationalization and evaluation. Concepts, role and responsibilities of community health nurse practitioners –decision making skill, follow nursing practice standards, advanced nursing practice, professionalism, legal issues.
V	45	 IMNC (Integrated Management if Neonatal and Childhood illness) General danger signs Cough & difficulty in breathing Case assessment practice Diarrhoeas & Dehydration Fever & Ear Problems Anaemia, Nutrition & feeding Counselling & Role play Sick baby assessment Assessment of Newborn Neonatal jaundice Malnutrition
VI	15	 Disaster nursing Definition, concept, types Disaster Management Triage Nuclear, Biological and Chemical Warfare Disaster preparedness Role of a Nurse in Disaster Management and role of a nurse in NBC Warfare

Unit	INC Hours	Content
VII	10	Information, education and communication
		IEC, Principles and strategies
		Communication skills
		 Management, information and evaluation system: Records and reports
		Information technology
		Tele-medicine and tele-nursing
		• Journalism
		Mass Media
		Folk Media
VIII	15	Health care delivery system: Urban and rural
		 Functions, Staffing, Pattern of assistance, layout, drugs, equipments and supplies.
		 Village, Sub-Centre, Primary health centre, Community Health centre, district hospitals, sub-divisional hospitals, district family welfare bureau and tertiary care institution.
		• Critical review of functioning of various levels, evaluation, studies, recommendations and nursing perspective
		Alternative systems of medicine
	and the second	 Training and supervision of health workers
	- 21 CO	 Health agencies: Roles and functions
		Inter-sectoral coordination.
		Public Private partnership

PRACTICAL

Total = 660 Hours 1 Week= 30 Hours

SN	Deptt/Unit	No. of Week	Total Hours
1.	Sub-Centre, PHC,CHC	12	360 Hours
2.	District family welfare bureau	1	30 hours
3.	Urban centers	6	180 Hours
4.	Field visits	3	90 Hours
	Total	22 Weeks	660 Hours

Student Activities

- Identification of community leaders and resource persons (community mapping)
- Community Health Survey
- Community Health Nursing process- individual, family and special groups and community
- Counseling
- · Health education- campaign, exhibition, fold media, preparation of IEC materials
- Organizing and participating in special clinics/camps and national health and welfare
 programmes-Organize at least one health and family welfare mela/fair (all stalls of national
 health and family welfare activities should be included)
- Estimation of Vital health statistics –Exercise.
- Drill for disaster preparedness
- Organize at least one in-service education to ANM's/LHV/PHN/HW
- Nutrition Exercise on nutritional assessment on dietary planning demonstration and education for various age groups
- Filling up of Records, reports and registers maintained at SC/PHC/CHC
- Assist women in self breast examination
- Conduct vaginal examination
- Conduct deliveries
- Post natal visits
- Perform Episiotomy and suturing
- Prepare Pap smear
- Conduct Insertion/Removal of IUD
- Blood Slide preparation
- Field visits to Population Control Office, Office for Rural Health Mission, SHEB, Ayurveda Hospital, Homeopath Hospital
- Maintenance of log book for various activities.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-I

Placement: First Year

EVALUATION

Internal assessment (theory): Periodical Exams-2 (Mid-term-50 & Pre-fnal-75 marks) Seminar-2 Review of article from journal-2

Max Marks

Marks: 125 Marks: 50 Marks: 50

For Internal assessment marks 125 to be converted out of 25

Internal assessment (practical):

SN	Assignments	Marks
1	Family Care Study Urban Area	50
2	Family Care Study Rural Area	50
3	Family Health Care Plan - 2	50
4	Clinical Supervision Checklist Evaluation	50
5	Home Procedure Evaluation-2	100
6	Community Health Survey & Community diagnosis & Health Education based on priority felt health need of community	100
7	Project (Organize and conduct any one of the following- Exhibition/ Street Play/ Puppet Show)	50
8	Health Talk-2	200
9	Clinical evaluation in different areas of placement	200
10	Practical Examination Mid Term	50
	Pre Term	100
	Total	1000

For Internal assessment marks 1000 to be converted out of 100

SN	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Introduction & Objective	02	
2	Subjective data	03	
3	Objective data	05	
4	Assessment of Family members (physical mental & social)	03	
5	Health needs identified	03	
6	Planning for family health nursing care (including short term & long term plan)	06	
7	Implementation of home nursing care plan with scientific rationale	06	
8	Health education planning & implementation	O4	
9	Planning for diet	03	
10	Drugs study & home care	03	
11	Evaluation: - Out come of family health care - Self learning as a Nurse	02 02	
12	Future plan	03	S. MARSON
13	Conclusion & suggestion	02	- 3 S
14	Use of table / graphs etc.	03	
	TOTAL	50	ASSAULT:

-1. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR FAMILY HEALTH CARE SUTDY (Marks: 50)

2. CLINICAL SUPERVISION CHECKLIST EVALUATION

(50 marks)

SN	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Objective of supervision	05	
2	Knowledge checklist	05	
3	Skill checklist # Organization # Explanation, Communication # Steps of procedure # Recording	10	
4	Nurse- Client interaction	05	
5	Identification of strong and weak points	10	
6	Guidance and assistance extended	05	
7	Method used # Direct/ Indirect	05	
8	Style of report presentation	05	
	TOTAL	50	

-3.EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR HOME PROCEDURE EVALUATION (50 MARKS)

Particular	Marks	Marks Obtained
Selection of procedures based on family needs	02	
Preparation of the bag for the procedure	05	
Confidence in use of bag	05	
Caring out all the steps of procedure correctly	05	
Scientific principles followed while doing procedure	05	
Involvement of family while doing procedure	05	
Post care of bag and equipment	05	
Health education while during and the procedure	05	
Disposal of waste	05	
Reporting for breakage and loss	03	
Recording and reporting	05	

Any two procedures of the following

- 1. Physical assessment of
 - Neonate
 - Infant
 - Toddler
 - Preschooler
 - Schooler
 - Geriatric
- 2. Antenatal assessment
- 3. Vital signs monitoring
- 4. Wound dressing
- 5. Urine testing
- 6. Hemoglobin estimation
- 7. Blood sugar estimation
- 8. Baby bath

5. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR FAMILY HEALTH SURVEY / COMMUNITY DIAGNOSIS (50 Marks)

SN	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Knowledge related to survey	06	
2	Data collection & entry on survey cards	04	
3	Table and tabulation of data	06	
4	Analysis and Interpretation of data	10	
5	Use of visual aids and graphs etc.	08	
6	Proposed future plans	06	
7	Recording in the registers	10	
	TOTAL MARKS	50	

6. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR HEALTH TALK EVALUATION (100 marks)

Particular	1	2	3	4	5	Score
I) PLANNING AND ORGANISATION					P. P. S.	
a) Formulation of attainable objectives						
b) Adequacy of content	1.00					
c) Organization of subject matter			100		2353	
d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter						
e) Suitable A.V.Aids					2 1 2 3	
II) PRESENTATION :					-	
a) Interesting						
b) Clear Audible						
c) Adequate explanation						
d) Effective use of A.V. Aids						
e) Group Involvement			12.2			
f) Time Limit						
III) PERSONAL QUALITIES :					distant.	
a) Self confidence						
b) Personal appearance						
c) Language					1222	
d) Mannerism					121213	
e) self awareness of strong & weak points						
IV) FEED BACK:						
a) Recapitulation				1.000		
b) Effectiveness						
c) Group response						
V) SUBMITS ASSIGNMENT ON TIME				1	238.7	

7. CLINICAL EVALUATION PROFORMA (100 marks)

Name of Student:

Area of Community Health Nursing:

Evaluator:

Period under Evaluation:

Rating:

SN

- 1 in many respects fails to meet requirement satisfactorily
- 2 Meets many requirements but deficient in important aspect
- 3- Average, clearly meets basic requirements satisfactorily.
- 4 Clearly exceed basic requirements, respecting superior
- 5 Outstanding in all respects.

Areas with subheading Rating

I Knowledge and understanding about family

- 1. Studies family health record and collects significant data
- 2. Interprets significant data based on knowledge of community Health /Community Health Nursing.

II Home Visit

- 3. Preplans are written based on the health needs of the family and identified goals
- 4. Planning and organization of home visit
- 5. Establishers report with the family and able to communicate effectively and tactfully with different individual / groups

III Health Assessment and Observation

- 6. Identifies deviations from normal and set priorities in home care activities
- 7. Plans and implements name care based on preset goals and health needs

1 2 3 4 5

IV Nursing Activities carried out:

- 8. Application of scientific principles
- 9. Technical skills with necessary modification and completeness of the procedure
- 10 Involvement and participating of the family members
- 11 Interpretation, reporting, recording of results
- 12 Takes, corrective follow standing orders selects and appropriate referral agencies.

Health information health teaching

- 13 Uses every opportunity for incidental / planned teaching for individual and group
- 14 Uses appropriate teaching learning principles

VI Post Visit

V

- 15 Reports significant information
- 16 Completes records, promptly, precisely and accurately.

VII Evaluation of Family Health Care

- 17 Able to evaluate the set goals, short and long term health care plans
- 18 Able to revise the family health needs and modify the care plans

VIII Professional qualities

- 19 Professional appearance
- 20 Interest, initiative, resourcefulness, responsible, leadership and attitude, response to constructive criticism and suggestions.

Total Marks:

Percentage:

Grade:

Remarks / comments by the Supervisor:

(In terms of strengths and weaknesses)

Instruction: Application of theory to practice is considered through out the experiences.

8. EVALUATION PROFORMA FORPLANNING AND CONDUCTION OF

Exhibition/ Street Play/ Puppet Show) (50 Marks)

SN	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Need for topic	05	
2	Organization	05	
3	Planning # Setting objectives # Selection of students # Schedule preparation # Advertising communication # Method selected # Resources used	20	
4	<i>Implementation</i> # Conduction # Monitoring activities	10	
5	Evaluation (Pre-Post)	05	
6	Writing report	05	
	TOTAL MARKS	50	

MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES

SYLLABI AND REGULATIONS P.B.B.Sc. NURSING 2005

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PHILOSOPHY

MUHS believes in proper systematic teaching, training and research in Modern Medical Sciences and uniformity in various courses in medical and allied health sciences. The philosophy of the P. B. B. Sc.(N) is incorporated by MUHS at par of Indian Nursing Council.

Indian Nursing Council believes that, <u>Health</u> is a state of well-being that enables a person to lead a psychologically, socially and economically productive life.

Nursing contributes to the health services in vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It organizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health policies and programmes. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality care in collaboration with other health professionals and community groups.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of Nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological, behavioral sciences.

Undergraduate nursing program at the post basic level is a broad based education within an academic framework, which builds upon the skills and competencies acquired at the diploma level. It is specifically directed to the upgrading of critical thinking skills, competencies & standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002.

The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven, self directed learning and foster attitude of life long learning.

Under graduate nursing education program at the post basic level prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

<u>AIMS :</u>

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program at the post basic level is to upgrade the diploma (GNM) nurses to:

assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives at basic level in providing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative services.

make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital, community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice. They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, manager in a clinical/public health setting.

OBJECTIVES :

On completion of B.Sc. Nursing (Post-Basic) degree programme the graduates will be able to:

- 1. Assess health status, identify nursing needs, plan, implement and evaluate nursing care for patients / clients that contribute to health of individuals, families and communities.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in techniques of nursing based on concepts and principles from selected areas of nursing, physical, biological and behavioral sciences.
- 3. Participate as members of health team in the promotive, preventive, curative and restorative health care delivery system of the country.
- 4. Demonstrate skills in communication and interpersonal relationship.
- 5. Demonstrate leadership qualities and decision-making abilities in various situations.
- 6. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in community health settings.
- 7. Demonstrate managerial skills in community health settings.
- 8. Practice ethical values in their personal and professional life.
- 9. Participate in research activities and utilize research findings in improving nursing practice.
- 10. Recognize the need for continued learning for their personal and professional development.

COURSE OF STUDY :

5

Sr. No.	Subject	Theory Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	
1 st Yea	ar				
1.	Nursing Foundation	45	030	075	
2.	Nutrition & Dietetics	30	015	045	
3.	Biochemistry & Biophysics	60	-	060	
4.	Psychology	60	015	075	
5.	Maternal Nursing	60	240	300	
6.	Child Health Nursing	60	240	300	
7.	Microbiology	60	030	090	
8.	Medical & Surgical Nursing	90	270	270	
9.	English (Qualifying)	60	-	060	
Total		525	840	1215	

Note: Hindi/local language as per the need of the institution.

2nd Year

	Total	345	855	1200
	Research & Statistics			
3.	Administration Introduction to Nursing	45	120	165
2.	Education Introduction to Nursing	60	180	240
1.	Introduction to Nursing	60	075	135
12.	Mental Health Nursing	60	240	300
11.	Community Health Nursing	60	240	300
10.	Sociology	60		060

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

1st Year

Paper	Subject	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
	Theory				
1.	Nursing Foundation	2	15	35	050
2.	Nutrition & Dietetics	2	15	35	050
3.	Biochemistry & Biophysics	3	25	75	100
4.	Psychology	3	25	75	100
5.	Microbiology	3	25	75	100
6.	Maternal Nursing	3	25	75	100
7.	Child Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
8.	Medical & Surgical Nursing	3	25	75	100
9.	* English (Qualifying)		College level q	00 ualifying exam, ing Marks 33%.	100
	Practicals				
1.	Medical & Surgical Nursing		50	50	100
2.	Child Health Nursing		50	50	100
3.	Maternal Nursing		50	50	100

-

Note: * College level qualifying exam to appear in University Examination, minimum passing Marks 33%

2nd Year

5

Paper	Subject	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
	Theory				
10.	Socialogy	3	25	75	100
11.	Community Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
12.	Mental Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
13.	Introduction to Nursing Education	3	25	75	100
14.	Introduction to Nursing Service Administration	3	25	75	100
15.	** Introduction to Nursing Research Statistics	2	50 College level qualifying exam, minimum passing Marks 50%		050
10.00	Practicals				
4.	Community Health Nursing		50	50	100
5.	Mental Health Nursing		50	50	100
6.	** Introduction to Nursing Research Statistics		College level q	ch Project) ualifying exam, ing Marks 50%	050

Note: **** College level qualifying exam to appear in University Examination, minimum passing Marks 50%.** (Not University Examination)

1. Teaching of Anatomy, Physiology, Pharmacology and Pathology will be integrated with clinical subjects.

*

- 2. A minimum of 80% attendance in theory and practical/clinicals in each clinical area is essential before award of degree.
- 3. 100 % attendance in practical / clinicals in each clinical area is essential before award of degree.
- 4. 50% of minimum marks in each theory and practical paper separately is required for passing.
- 5. Examination in the 'English' subject of 1st year P.B.B.Sc. Nursing course will be a college level Internal Assessment Qualifying Examination with minimum passing of 33% Marks. Student who fails or student who secures less than 33% Marks in the 'English' subject will not become eligible to appear in any subject of the University's final examination. Marks of 'English' subject are to be send to the University along with Internal Assessment Marks of other subjects for inclusion in the Mark Sheet.
- 6. Examination in the 'Introduction to Nursing Research and Statistics' subject of 2nd year P.B.B.Sc. Nursing course will be a college level Internal Assessment Qualifying Examination with minimum passing of 50% Marks. Student who fails or student who secure less than 50% Marks each i.e. independently in the Internal Assessment (Theory) Head and independently in the Internal Assessment (Practical) Head of the 'Introduction to Nursing Research and Statistics' subject will not become eligible to appear in any subject of the University's final examination. Marks of 'Introduction to Nursing Research and Statistics' subject are to be send to the University along with Internal Assessment Marks of other subjects for inclusion in the Mark Sheet.

N.B.:

MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NASHIK

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IST YEAR POST BASIC B.Sc NURSING SYLLABUS 2005-2006

NURSING FOUNDATION

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted: Theory : 45 Hrs Practical : 30 Hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course will help students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives and responsibilities of nursing as a profession. The purpose of the course is to orient to the current concepts involved in the practice of nursing and developments in the nursing profession.

OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course, the students will

- 1. Identify professional aspects of nursing
- 2. Explain theories of nursing
- 3. Identify ethical aspects of nursing profession
- 4. Utilise steps of nursing process
- 5. Identify the role of the nurse in various levels of health services
- 6. Appreciate the significance or quality assurance in nursing.
- 7. Explain current trends in health and nursing

COURSE CONTENTS :

UNIT I DEVELOPMENT OF NURSING AS A PROFESSION 6 hrs

- Philosophy
- Objectives and responsibilities of a graduate nurse
- Trends influencing nursing practice
- Expanded role of the nurse
 - Development of nursing education in India and trends in nursing education
 - Professional organizations, career planning
 - Code of ethics & professional conduct for nurses.

UNIT II CONCEPTS OF HEALTH & ILLNESS

12 hrs

- Concepts of health and illness, effects on the person
- Stress and adaptation
 - Health care concepts and nursing care concept
- Developmental concepts, needs, roles and problems of the developmental stages of individual – newborn, infant, toddler, pre-adolescent, adolescent, adulthood, middle-age, old age.

UNIT III THEORY OF NURSING PRACTICE

- Meta paradigm of nursing characterized by four central concepts i.e.
 Nurse, Person (client/patient). Health and Environment.
 Nursing Theory;
 - Florence Nightingale
 - Virginia Henderson
 - Betty Neumen
 - Dorothea Orem
 - Martha Rogers etc.

UNIT IV NURSING PROCESS

- Nursing Process
- Nursing diagnosis Definitions, concepts, statements, types, interpretation
- Planning: techniques for planning care, types of care plans.
- Implementation: different approaches to care, organisations and implementation of care, recording.
- Evaluation: tools for evaluation, process of evaluation.

UNIT V QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Quality assurance: nursing standards, nursing audit, total quality management
- Role of council and professional bodies in maintenance of standards.

UNIT VI APPROACHES TO HEALTH CARE

- Primary health care concepts:
- community oriented nursing
- holistic nursing
- primary nursing
- family oriented nursing concepts:
- Problem oriented nursing
- Progressive patient care
- Team nursing

PRACTICUM : Teaching Learning Activities -

Nursing process application.

- Select one patient and write nursing care plan. 20 Hrs.
- Select one client from OPD / Community / Peer Group 10 Hrs. and write nursing care plan.

10 hrs

6 hrs

30 Hrs.

6 hrs

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Nursing Foundation	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
1.	Theory	2	15	35	050

Internal Assessment:

15 Marks

(Out of 15 Marks to be send to the University)

Mid-Term: 25 Marks

Prelim: 35 Marks

Total: 60 Marks

(60 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks)

External Assessment (Theory): 35 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES :

- 1. Kozier B, Erb, G & Oliver, R : Fundamentals of Nursing ;4th ed. California, Addison Wesley., 1991
- Perry, A.G. & Potter, P.A.: Basic nursing essentials of practice; 5th ed. St. Louis, Mosby, 2003
- 3. Potter, P.A. & Perry, A.G.: Fundamentals of nursing; 5th ed. Mosby Harcott (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Beverly Witler Dugas : Introduction to patient care ; 4th ed., Saunders, 2002
- 5. White, Lois: Foundations of nursing caring for the whole person; U.S.A. Delmer Thompson Learning,
- Luckmann, J & Sorensen, K.C.: Basic nursing: a psychophysiologic approach ; 3rd ed., W. B. Saunders, 2002
- 7. Park, J.E. :Text book of preventive and social medicine ; 17th ed., Banarasidas Bhanot, 2003

NUTRITION & DIETETICS

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 30 Hrs. Practical : 15 Hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course is designed to provide the students with a wide knowledge of dietetics in Indian setting, that the practice of teaching optimum and realistic dietary planning can become an integral part of nursing practice.

OBJECTIVES: At the end of the course, the students will

- Explain the principles and practices of nutrition and dietetics. 1.
- Plan therapeutic diets in different settings 2.
- Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan diet 3. accordingly.
- 4. Prepare meals using different methods utilizing cookery rules.

COURSE CONTENTS:

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO NUTRITION AND DIETETICS 8 Hrs

- Balanced diet, factors on which it depends.
- Factors to be considered in planning -
- Guides available for planning -
- Food Hygiene, preparation and preservation -
- Review of nutrients micro & macro

INFANT AND CHILD NUTRITION **UNIT II**

- factors to be considered in planning, Feeding of normal infants: nutritional requirements
- Supplementary feeding of infants: Advantage and method of introduction.
- Weaning effects on mother and child.
- Psychology of infant and child feeding.
- Feeding the sick child. Diet in diseases of infancy and childhood.
- Deficiency malnutrition, under nutrition, other nutrients deficiency.
- Feeding pre-school child: nutritional needs, factors to be considered in planning diets. Problems in feeding.

INTRODUCTION TO DIET THERAPY UNIT III

- Introduction
- Routine hospital diets.
- Therapeutic diet under each unit i.e. Cardiovascular diseases, -Gastrointestinal diseases, Renal disorders, Endocrine and metabolic disorders.
- Allergy, Infections and fevers,
- Pre and post operative stage,
- Deficiency diseases and malnutrition, overweight and underweight

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

UNIT IV COMMUNITY NUTRITION

- Need for community nutrition programme.
- Nutritional needs for special groups: infant, child, adolescent,
- Pregnant and lactating mother and old people.
- Substitutes for non-vegetarian foods.
- Selection of cheap and nutritious foods. Nutrition education needs and methods.
- Methods of assessing nutritional status of individual / group / community.
- Current nutritional problems and national programmes (mid day meal etc.)

PRACTICUM:

- I Methods of cooking and cookery rules.
 - 1. Simple preparation of beverages, soups, cereals and pulses, eggs, vegetables, meat, multipurpose food snacks.
 - 2. Menu Plans.
- II Preparation of supplementary food for infants.
 - 1. Food for toddlers.
 - 2. Low cost nutritious dishes for vulnerable groups.
 - 3. Dietary case study of patient on special diet and planning of low cost dietary instructions for home adaptations.
 - 4. Planning of therapeutic diets.

EVALUATION :

Paper	Subject Nutrition & Dietetics	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
2.	Theory	2	15	35	050

Internal Assessment:

15 Marks

(Out of 15 Marks to be send to the University.)

Mid-Term:	25 Marks

- Prelim: 35 Marks
- Total: 60 Marks

(60 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks)

External Assessment (Theory): 35 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES:

- 1) Clinical dietetics and Nutrition, Antia 4th ed.
- 2) Nutritive value of Indian foods, Gopalan, 1st ed.
- 3) Krause's Food, Nutrition & diet Therapy, Mahan, 11th ed.
- 4) Nutrition & diet therapy, Williams
- 5) Clinical Dietetics & Nutrition, Philip.

BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOPHYSICS SECTION – A BIOCHEMISTRY

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 30 Hrs Practical :

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

The broad goal of teaching Biochemistry to Nursing students is to enable then to understand, the chemical processes taking place in the human body in health and disease. This will help them to increase the quality of patient care.

OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course, the students will

- 1. Identify the basic principles of Biochemistry
- 2. Understand and grasp the basic outline of chemistry and properties of important biomolecules like glucose, urea, etc
- 3. Summarize the working of enzymes and their importance as diagnostic tools for the clinician.
- 4. Describe the mechanisms involved in maintenance of body fluids along with electrolytes.
- 5. Be able to understand the concepts of laboratory medicine, which involves learning about physiological levels of important biomolecules and the underlying cause of change in these levels in disease states.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

- Introduction: importance of Biochemistry in Nursing
- Study of cell and its various components

UNIT II WATER AND ELECTROLYTES

- Distribution of water and its functions in human body (ECF & ICF)
- Water & Fluid balance
- Electrolyte Distribution and its functions in body
- Dehydration causes and consequences
- Electrolyte imbalance causes, hypo and hypernatremia and kalemia

UNIT III ENZYMES

- Definition and Mechanism of action
- Factors affecting enzyme activities
- Enzymes in clinical diagnosis and its applications
- Precautions for handling specimens for enzymes estimation
- Digestion and Absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.
- Factors influencing the digestion and absorption
- Mal absorption syndrome

05 hrs

2 hrs

2 hrs

UNIT IV CARBOHYDRATES

- Elementary outline of Electron transport chain (ETC) and Biological Oxidation
- Elementary consideration of Mono, di and polysaccharides
- Fate of glucose in the body including-gluconeogenesis, glycogensis, glycolysis, glycogenoglysis. Storage of glucose.
- Outline and Importance of TCA Cycle (Kreb's cycle)
- Regulation of blood glucose levels. Glucose Tolerance test (GTT) Hyperglycemia, Hypoglycemia.

UNIT V PROTEINS – AMINO ACIDS & HARMONES 05 hrs

- Protein Chemistry
- Essential amino acids, properties and functions
- Important polypeptides
- Plasma Proteins and their functions
- Nucleic acids- DNA, RNA
- Biosynthesis of proteins in the cells and Role of nucleic acids in protein synthesis
- Nitrogenous constituents of Urine, blood their origin Urea cycle and Nitrogen balance. Uric Acid formation, gout.

UNIT VI LIPIDS

- Biological Importance of important lipids and their functions
- Cholesterol and Lipoproteins
- Sources occurrence and distribution
- Blood levels and Metabolism
- Biosynthesis of fats and storage of fats (B-oxidation)
- Role of liver in fat metabolism Fatty liver, its causes and prevention
- Goal of lipid metabolism in Atherosclerosis and Heart diseases
- Ketone body formation and its utilization.
- Causes and detection of ketosis

UNIT VII INTER-RELATIONSHIP IN METABOLISM

- Carbohydrates, Lipids, a Protein, minerals metabolism
- Nutrition calorie value of food, BMR, SDA, Balance Diet

REFERENCES

- 1. Anthikad, 'J' : Biochemistry for nurses ;New Delhi : Jaypee Brothers
- 2. Dandekar S.P. : Medical biochemistry (based on MCI guidelines) ;New Delhi : Jaypee Brothers
- 3. Das, Debajyoti : Biochemistry; New ed.; Calcutta, Academic publishers
- 4. Hodkinson M: Clinical biochemistry of the elderly; London: Churchill Livingstone, 1984
- 5. Malhotra, V. : Biochemistry for students; New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers, 1985
- 6. Nath, R.L.: Practice of biochemistry in clinical medicine, 1976
- 7. U Satyanarayana : Biochemistry; Books and Allied Ltd.
- Eastham Duncan Robert: Biochemical values in clinical medicine; 8th ed.: John Cought and Sons Ltd., 1977

05 hrs

06 hrs

05 hrs

SECTION – B

BIOPHYSICS

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 30 Hrs Practical :

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

The broad goal of teaching Biophysics to nursing students is to enable them to understand the application of physics principles while providing nursing care to the patients.

COURSE CONTENTS :

UNIT I - -	INTRODUCTION Introduction: Concepts of unit and measurements Fundamental and derived units Unit length, weight, mass, time.	2 hrs
UNIT II	MOTION	2 hrs
.=.? 	Vector and scalar motion, speed, velocity and acceleration Newton's law of motion	
UNIT III	GRAVITY	3 hrs
	Gravity: Specific gravity, centre of gravity, principles of gravity.	
-	Effect of gravitational forces on human body.	
-	Application of principles of gravity in nursing	
UNIT IV	FORCE WORK & ENERGIES	3 hrs
	Force, work, Energy: Their units of measurement. Type and transformation of energy, forces of the body, Static force Principles of machines, friction and body mechanics. Simple mechanics – lever and body mechanics, pulley and traction plane, screw. Application of these principles in nursing.	
UNIT V - - - - - -	HEAT Heat : Nature, measurement, transfer of heat Effects of heat on matter Relative humidity, specific heat Temperature scales Regulation of body temperature Use of heat for sterilization Application of these principles in nursing	3 hrs

UNIT VI LIGHT

- Light: Laws of reflection
- Focusing elements of the eye, defective vision and its correction, use of lenses
- Relationship between energy, frequency and wavelength of light
- Biological effects of light
- Use of light in therapy
- Application of these principles in nursing

UNIT VII PRESSURRES

- Pressures: Atmospheric pressure, hydrostatic pressure, osmotic pressure
 Measurements of pressures in the body
 - Arterial and venous blood pressures
 - Ocular pressure
 - Intracranial pressure
 - applications of these principles in nursing

UNIT VIII SOUND

- Sound: Frequency, Velocity and Intensity
- Vocalisation and hearing
- Use of ultrasound. Noise pollution and its prevention
- Application of these principles in nursing

UNIT IX ELECTRICITY

- Electricity and Electromagnetism : Name of Electricity, Voltage, Current, Resistance and their Units.
- Flow of electricity in solids, electrolytes, gases and vacuum.
- Electricity and human body
- ECG, EEG, EMG, ECT
- Pace makers and defibrillation
- Magnetism and electricity
- M.R.I. Scanning, CAT Scan

UNIT X NUCLEAR PHYSICS

- Atomic Energy : Structure of Atom, Isotopes and Isobars.
- Radioactivity : Use of radioactive isotopes
- Radiation protection units and limits, instruments used for detection of ionising radiation. X-rays.

UNIT XI ELECTRONICS

Principles of Electronics: Common electronic equipments used in patient care.

5 hrs

2 hrs

2 hrs

2 hrs

3 hrs

3 hrs

PRACTICUM:

Experiments and Tests should be demonstrated wherever applicable.

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Biochemistry & Biophysics	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
3.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment: 25 Marks

(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University)

मा संग्रह आ फेल इस्रोत्	Section - A Biochemistry	Section – B Biophysics	Total Marks
Mid-Term	25	25	
Prelim	37	38	
Total	62	63	125
Average out of	13	12	25

(62 Marks from Biochemistry (mid-term & prelim) to be converted into 13 Marks and 63 Marks from Biophysics (mid-term & prelim) to be converted into 12 Marks)

External Assessment (Theory): 75 Marks (University Examination)

Section A: Biochemistry:	37 Marks
Section B: Biophysics:	38 Marks
Total Marks:	75 Marks

REFERENCES:

- Flitter, H.H.(1989): An introduction to physics in nursing; ^{7th} edition Delhi, All India Traveller Book seller. (Original American ed. Pub. by C.V.Mosby, St.Louis).
- Sackheim, S.M.(1962): Practical Physics for nurses; 2nd ed. Philadelphia, W.B. Saunders Co.
- Stearns, H.O.(1962): Fundamentals of physics and Applications; 2nd ed. New York, Macmillan Co.
- T.N.A.I. (1966): Physics and Chemistry; Laboratory Manual for Student Nurses; 3rd ed. New Delhi, T.N.A.I.
- 5) Waters, M.(1958): Elementary physics for Nurses; 6th ed London, Faber and fabor.
- 6) KIGOUR, O.F.G.(1978): An Introduction to the physical aspects of Nursing Sciences; 3rd ed. London, William Heinemann Medical Books Ltd.
- 7) Nordmark, M.t and Rahweder, A.W.(1959): Science Principles in Nursing; Philadelphia, J.B. Lippincott.

PSYCHOLOGY

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 60 Hrs Practical : 15 Hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course is designed to orient students with regards to psychological principles, and widen their knowledge of the fundamentals of psychology. The course offers students an opportunity to understand the psychodynamics of patient behavior and to apply theoretical concepts in practical settings.

OBJECTIVES : The course aims towards the developing students skills in -

- Understanding herself and others
- Analysing her own thought and behavior patterns
- Using psychological principles to improve her efficiency in nursing care
- Applying psychological principles while performing nursing duties
- Distinguishing psychological processes during health and sickness
- Planning nursing care with regards to psychological needs and concerns
- Participating in psychological assessment of patients

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY	3 hrs
-	Definition, history and scope	
-	Branches and methods	
-	Relationship with other subjects	
-	Psychology and the student nurse	
	Habits and skills	
UNIT II	SENSATION, ATTENTION AND PERCEPTION	6 hrs
-	Sensation – Definition and sensory processes	
-	Problems in sensation	
-	Attention - Definition, characteristics and types	
-	Factors affecting attention	
-	Distraction and sustaining attention	
-	Perception – Definition and characteristics	
	Perception of form, depth and movement	
-	Types and difficulties in perception	
-	Problems and nursing care	
UNIT III	LEARNING	5 hrs
	and the second	

- Definition, nature and conditioning theories
- Learning process, laws and types and factors
- Learning during health and sickness

UNIT IV	MEMORY AND FORGETTING	5 hrs
	Memory – Definition and nature	
-	Memory models and factors affecting memory	
	Methods to improve memory	
	Forgetting – Definition, explanation of forgetting	
	Memory during health and sickness	
-	Forgetting during health and sickness	
UNIT V	MOTIVATION	6 hrs
-	Definition, nature and theories	
-	Needs and motives - Biological and social	
-	Frustration and conflicts	
difference	Types of conflicts	
-	Self actualization	
•	Application in nursing care	
UNIT VI	EMOTION	5 hrs
9.4.9	Definition and meaning, theories	
-	Expressions and perceptions	
	Emotions in sickness, nursing care	
UNIT VII	ATTITUDES	5 hrs
a -1 1-	Definition and nature, theories	
	Factors influencing attitude formation	
•	Role of attitudes in health and sickness	
UNIT VIII	INTELLIGENCE AND ABILITIES	6 hrs
	Definitions and nature, theories	
	Psychological testing and measurement	
	Mental retardation and IQ	
	Intelligence and abilities during sickness	
UNIT IX	PERSONALITY	7 hrs
-	Definition, nature, factors influencing personality	
-	Theories of personality development	
	Defence mechanism	
	Psychological problems	
	Personality disorders and nursing	
UNIT X	INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCE	4 hrs
	Definition and significance	
-	Heredity and environment	
// #	Role in health and sickness	
	Implications in nursing	

UNIT XI PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF NURSING

- Behaviour during sickness
- Understanding the client
- Psychological approach in nursing care
- Psychological needs of child, adolescent, adult, aged Chronically ill and attendants

UNIT XII MENTAL HYGIENE

- Concepts and meaning of mental hygiene
- Characteristics of a mentally healthy person
- Factors influencing mental health

All theory topic lectures will be covered through interactive sessions with students.

PRACTICUM:

Α	3 E:	xperiments	9 hrs
	-	Attention	
	-	Memory	
		Learning	
B	2 Ps	sychological Tests (Rating Scales)	4 hrs
	-	Hardiness	
	-	Positive Thinking	
С	Cas	se Study	2 hrs
	exp	cussion of a case with identification of ressed emotions, psychological needs, rces of conflict and attitudes expressed	

Practicum will be recorded in a journal and will be scored as part of internal Assessment.

3 hrs

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Psychology	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
4.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	15 Marks
Practicum Assignme	nt: 10 Marks
Total:	25 Marks
(Out of 25 Marks to b	e send to the University)
Mid-Term:	50 Marks
Prelim:	75 Marks
Total:	125 Marks
(125 Marks from mid-	-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks)
Practicum Assignme	

External Assessment: 75 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES :

- 1. Bhatia, B.D. and Craig, M: Elements of psychology and mental hygiene for nurses; Chennai : Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Dandekar, W.N. : Fundamentals of experimental psychology ; Kolhapur : Moghe Prakashan
- 3. Hurlock, E. : Developmental psychology ; Singapore :Tata McGraw Hill Book Co.,
- 4. McGhee, A : Psychology as applied to nursing ; London : Churchill Livingstone
- 5. Morgan, C.T. and King, R.A.: Introduction to psychology ; Singapore : McGraw Hill Book Co.,

MICROBIOLOGY

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 60 Hrs Practical : 30 Hrs

3 hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course reorients the students to the fundamentals of Microbiology and its various sub-divisions. It provides opportunities to gain skill in handling and use of microscope for identifying various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunities for safe handling of materials containing harmful bacteria and methods of destroying microorganisms.

OBJECTIVES: After the course the students will develop

- 1. Identify common disease causing organisms
- 2. Basic principles of Microbiology & its significance in health & disease
- 3. Handling of infective specimens

INTRODUCTION

- 4. Various methods of sterilization & disinfection
- 5. Role of nurse in hospital infection control system.

COURSE CONTENTS :

UNIT I

-	General Microbiology : History, (Fracostoriues of Verona to the Latest Nobe Laureates short note on Pasteur and Koch) and Introduction		
-	(Why to study the subject?) Microscope (Types – dissecting to Electron measuring scale upto nanometer)		
UNIT II	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY	3 hrs	
	Morphology and Physiology (Size, Shape, struct., spore, flagella, capsule)		
	Staining (demonstration) Gram's + Z N's + Motility		
UNIT III	BACTERIAL GROWTH REQUIREMENT	5 hrs	
-	Growth requirement of Bacteria + Bacteria growth curve		
	Cultural media different		
	Collection processing of sample and bacteria		
UNIT IV	STERILIZATION & DISINFECTION	5 hrs	
-	Sterilization + Disinfections		
-	Sterilization demo of instruments, Different disinfectants dilute		
-	Hospital infection control Biosafety + Fumigation and role of nurs	ie	

- Bacterial genetics (emphasis to drug resistance) Host parasite relationship

UNIT V	SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY	10 hrs
:	(Morpho, growth requirements, diseases caused vaccine epideo) Pyogenic cocci causing diseases Staphyllococci Streprococci and Pneumococci and Neisseria Salmonella + Shigella	
201.0	E coli diarrheoa + Cholera + Pseudomonas C. diptheria + Chlamydia Anaorobes intro. + C. welchii C. tetani + nonsporing anaerobes mention diseases Tuberculosis	
	Leprosy + Aty Spirocheate + Leptospira Chlamydia Demo different morphology of bacteria G + C, G + B, GNC, GNB Demo of organism Spore, Capsule, fungi, AFB	
UNIT VI	SYSTEMIC MYCOLOGY	5 hrs
tabl Table	Fungi intro., Dermatophytes Mycetophytes Mycetoma, Rhino, Crypto Candida and Lab. Diagnosis of fungal infections	
UNIT VII	IMMUNOLOGY	5 hrs
	Immunity Antigen Antibody Ag X Ab reaction sererogical Immune Response Hypersensitivity	
UNIT VIII	SYSTEMATIC PARASITOLOGY	10 hrs
el cui ben	Intro classification and some terms Amoeba + Giardia Trichomonas + Leishmania Malaria + Toxoplasma Cestodes (Taenia sodium and saginata E. granuloses) Intestinal Nematodes	
	Tissue Nematodes Vectors	
-	Diff. Parasites and vectors stool preparation demo	
UNIT IX	SYSTEMATIC VIROLOGY	8 hrs
	Gen. Prop. Cultivation classification Herpes virus Picorna virus	

- Measles, Mumps, Chicken pox
- Ortho and Arbo (Dengue)
- Rhabdo virus
- Hepatitis virus
- HIV and AIDS

UNIT X CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

6 hrs

- PUO, UTI, STD, Wound infection
- Micro organism transmitted through food
- Food poisoning, food born infection

PRACTICUM :

- Each student will practice in laboratory as indicated in each unit of the courses outline. While giving nursing care in the wards they will practice collection and processing of specimens, prevention and control of hospital infections. Sterilization, immunisation, chemotherapy and maintenance of personal and environmental hygiene. Observation visit to incinerator, posting in CSSD and infection control department.

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Microbiology	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
5.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:15 MarksJournal Assignment:10 MarksTotal:25 Marks(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University)Mid-Term:50 MarksPrelim:75 MarksTotal:125 Marks(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15Marks)10 Marks

Journal Assignments:10 MarksExternal Assessment (Theory):75 Marks(University Examination75 Marks

REFRENCES:

- 1) Ananthnarayan : Textbook of Microbiology
- 2) Chakravarti : Textbook of Microbiology
- 3) Chattergey K.D. : Text book of Parasitology
- 4) Panikar : Textbook of Parasitology
- 5) Konemen : Textbook of Medical Microbiology
- 6) Marion E. Wilson : Microbiology in Nursing Practice.

MATERNAL NURSING

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 60 Hrs Practical : 240

COURSE DESCRIPTION ;

The course is designed to widen the student's knowledge of obstetrics during pregnancy, labour and peurperium. It also helps to acquire knowledge and to develop skill in rendering optimum nursing care to a child bearing mother in a hospital or in community and help in the management of common gynaecological problems.

OBJECTIVES: At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Describe the physiology of pregnancy, labour, and puerperium.
- 2. Manage normal pregnancy, labour and puerperium.
- 3. Explain the physiology of lactation, and advice on management of breast feeding.
- 4. Provide pre- and post operative nursing care in obstetric conditions.
- 5. Identify and manage high risk pregnancy including appropriate referrals.
- 6. Propagate the concept and motivate acceptance of family planning methods.
- 7. Teach, guide and supervise auxiliary midwifery personnel.

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND HISTORICAL REVIEW

- (a) Early history of midwifery and evolution of obstetrics Maternity care and practices in various culture across the world. Expanded role of the nurse in maternity and gynaecology.
- (b) Safe motherhood initiative
 - Maternal mortality, morbidity and perinatal mortality. Legislation related to maternal benefits, MTP acts, incentives and Family planning. Family welfare programme.

UNIT II ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM

6 hrs.

5 hrs.

- Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system.
- Female pelvis and foetal skull.
- Menstrual cycle
- Human reproduction, gametogenesis, fertilization, embryo.
 - Placenta, foetal membrane, liquor amnii, umbilical
 - The foetus, foetal growth, foetal physiology, foetal circulation.

UNIT III NORMAL PREGNANCY

- Physiological changes during pregnancy
- Diagnosis of pregnancy and antenatal care
- Antenatal assessment of foetal well being.
- Physiology of normal labour
- Mechanism of normal labour.
- Management of I, II, and III stages of labour.
- Physiology of puerperium.
- Physiology of lactation and breast feeding
- Management of normal puerperium

UNIT IV NEW BORN BABY

- Resuscitation and immediate care of newborn.including SGA & LGA
- Normal characteristics and essential care of newborn.
- Asphyxia Neonatarum, respiratory distress
- Jaundice in newborn
- Birth injuries, congenital anomalies, infection in newborn, and vomiting in newborn.
- Still birth incidence, causes and prevention.
- Care of low birth weight babies in labour room and nursery / NICU.

UNIT V MEDICAL DISORDERS IN PREGNANCY

- Hypertensive disorders Pregnancy induced hypertension, Eclampsia.
- Anaemia in pregnancy
- Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy
- Heart diseases
- Renal disorders in pregnancy
- Jaundice in pregnancy
- Pulmonary TB
- Pregnancy with STD, HIV / AIDS.

UNIT VI HIGH RISK PREGNANCY

- Abortion
- Hydatiform mole
- Ectopic pregnancy
- Medical termination of pregnancy
- Antepartum haemorrhage Placenta previa, Abruptio placenta
- Vomiting in pregnancy
- Pregnancy in Rh negative women
- Multiple pregnancy, hydramnios
- Preterm labour
- Premature rupture of membrane

10 hrs.

5 hrs.

8 hrs.

6 hrs.

- IUGR, postdatism
- Pregnancy with previous caesarean section
- Fibroid with pregnancy
- Ovarian tumour with pregnancy

UNIT VII HIGH RISK LABOUR

3 hrs.

- Abnormal presentation Unstable lie, Occipitoposterior, face and brow presentation
- Breech presentation, compound presentation
- Abnormal uterine action in labour and active management of labour
- Contracted pelvis and CPD
- Obstructed labour, rupture of uterus, injuries of maternal birth canal, cord prolapse.

UNIT VIII ABNORMALITIES OF PUERPERIUM

4 hrs.

2 hrs.

- Puerperial pyrexia and sepsis
 - Post partum haemorrhage
 - Breast complications Breast engorgement, breast abscess, acute mastitis
 - Psychiatric disorders in puerperium

UNIT IX OBSTETRICAL EMERGENCIES & OPERATIVE 3 hrs. OBSTETRICS

- Uterine rupture, cervical tear
- D&E,S&E
- Use of instruments Ephysiotomy Forcep, Vaccuum
- Caesarean section

UNIT X PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS

- Oxytocics, Prostaglandins use in obstetrics
- Anaesthesia and analgesics used in obstetrics

UNIT XI SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS IN OBSTETRICS 2 hrs.

- USG, NST, CTG
- Radiography

UNIT XII CURRENT TRENDS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH(RCH) 4 hrs.

- Infertility, genetic counseling
- Unwanted pregnancy
- Unwed mother
- Advances in obstetrics and maternity care.

UNIT XIII GYNAECOLOGYCAL NURSING

4 hrs.

Common Gynaecological Problems

- Cervical erosions, Carcinoma
- Fibroids, Utterine and Cervical Prolans
- Uterine Inversion etc

PRACTICUM : Practice following Procedures

- Antenatal, Postnatal & per vaginal exam.
- Conduct normal delivery (For male candidates minimum conduct of 5 deliveries)
- Motivation of Planned Parenthood, advice on family planning methods.
- Assist in various diagnostic & therapeutic procedure including IUD insertion & removal.
- Follow Nursing process in providing care to 3-6 patients.

PRACTICUM / CLINICAL EXPERIENCE : TOTAL HOURS : 240

-	Antenatal OPD or ANC Ward :	hours: 50
-	Labour Room :	hours: 60
-	Post natal ward/ OPD :	hours: 50
-	Gyaence ward :	hours: 30
-	OPD, Family Planning clinics & visits :	hours: 30
-	Operation Theatre :	hours: 20

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Maternal Nursing	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
6.	Theory	3	25	75	100
1.	Practical		50	50	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	25 Marks
Practical:	50 Marks
Total:	75 Marks

Details as follows:

Internal Assessment (Theory): 25 Marks

(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University)

Mid-Term:	50 Marks
Prelim:	75 Marks
Total:	125 Marks

(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 25 Marks)

Internal Assessment (Practical): 50 Marks (Out of 50 Marks to be send to the University)

Details as follows:

1. Mid-Term Exam:

050 Marks

2.	Preli	minary Exam:	050 Marks
3.	Clin	ical Evaluation & Clinical Assignment:	500 Marks
	i)	Case study: Two (50marks each):	100 Marks
	ii)	Case presentation: One:	050 Marks
	iii)	Clinical evaluation (100 marks each): ANC/ LABOUR ROOM/ PNC	300 Marks
	iv)	Group Health teaching (One):	025 Marks
	v)	Nursing care Plan (Gyanae: One):	025 Marks
T	otal M	arks:	600 Marks
(6	00 Ma	rks from Practical to be converted into 50 M	Jarks for Internal

(600 Marks from Practical to be converted into 50 Marks for Internal Assessment (Practical))

External Assessment (Theory):75 Marks (University Examination)External Assessment (Practical):50 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES

- 1. Myles Text Book of Midwives, Eds; Diane M. Fraser and Margaret A. Cooper 14th Ed, Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. D.C. Dutta Text Book of Obstetrics including Perinatology and Contraception 6th Edition, 2004 New Central Book Agency.
- 3. Hawkins and Bourne, Shaws Textbook of Gynaecology, Eds; V.G Padubidri and Shirish N Daftary, 13th ed, Reed Elseiver India.
- 4. S S Ratnam, K Bhasker Rao and S Arulkumaran, Obstetrics and Gynaecology for Postgraduates, Vol 1 and Vol 2, Orient Longman Ltd 1994
- lower milk, perry, Bobak:"Maternity and women's Health Care" 6th ed.; 1997. C.V Mosby.
- 6. C.S.Dawn: Textbook for obstretics & neonatology 12th edition.

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted Theory : 60hrs Practical : 240hrs

COURCE DISCRIPTION :

This course is aimed at developing an understanding of the modern approach to child care, the principles of child health nursing and the common problems of neonates and children in health and sickness.

OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course, the students will be able to:-

- 1. Explain the modern concept of child care and the principles of child health nursing.
- Describe the normal growth and development of children in various age groups.
- Explain the physiological response of body to disease conditions in children.
- 4. Identify the health needs and problems of neonates and children, plan and implement appropriate nursing interventions.
- 5. Identify the various preventive, promotive and rehabilitative aspects of child care and apply them in providing nursing care to children in the hospital and in the community.

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CHILD HEALTH NURSING 8 hrs.

- Modern concept of child care
 - Internationally accepted rights of the child.
- Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspects of child health Child morbidity and mortality rates
- National policy and legislation's in relation to child health and welfare.
- National programmes related to child health and welfare.
- Differences between adult and child
- Hospital environment for a sick child and role of a paediatric nurse in caring for the hospitalized child
- Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children
 - Paediatric nursing procedures Prepn of child for diagnostic tests, collection of specimens, calculation and administration of oral and parenteral medication, feeding, adm of oxygen, nebulisation ,collection of specimens ,exchange transfusion, restraints

UNIT II THE HEALTHY CHILD

12 hrs.

- Growth & development ---. Principles & factors affecting growth & development.

- Assessment of growth and development

Growth & development from birth to adolescence, needs of normal children through stages of development and parental guidance.

Nutritional needs of infants and children principles of paediatric nutrition

Breast feeding

Artificial feeding & Weaning

- Infancy ,toddler, pre schooler, school age child and adolescents.
- Role of play in children Need, importance and value of play, selection of play material and nurse's role.
 - Preventive immunization

UNIT III

II CARE OF THE NEWBORN.

- Characteristics and care of a newborn.
- Asphyxia neonatorum & neonatal resuscitation.
- Low birth weight infants
 - Nursing management of common neonatal disorders.
 - Neonatal jaundice & photo therapy
 - Neonatal sepsis & hypoglycemia
 - Organization of Neonatal units, Prevention & Control of infection
 - Critical care concept in child health

UNIT IV NURSING MANAGEMENT OF COMMON CHILDHOOD ILLNESS.

32 hrs.

- (a) Nutritional deficiency disorders.
 - Protein energy malnutrition
 - Vitamin deficiency disorders

(Rickets, scurvy, Vit A deficiency disorders)

- (b) Respiratory diseases & disorders .
 - Acute bronchitis & Bronchiolitis
 - Pneumonia
 - Branchial Asthama

(c) Disorders of the gastro-intestinal system.

- Acute gastroenteritis
- Tracheo esophageal fistula
- Cleft lip and palate
- Hypertrophic Pyloric Stenosis
- Hirschsprung's disease & Intestinal Obstruction
- Anorectal anomalies

(d) <u>Cardiovascular system</u>

- Rheumatic fever
- Congenital heart diseases
- Congestive cardiac failure

(e) Disorders of Genito urinary System

- Acute glomerulo nephritis
- Nephrotic Syndrome
- Wilm's tumour & Congenital disorders

(f) <u>Neurological disorders</u>

Convulsions in children & Epilepsy

4 hrs.

- Meningitis & Encephalitis
- Hydrocephalus, Meningocele and meningomyelocele

(g) Haematological disorders

- Anaemia & Thalassemia
- Idiopathic thrombocytic Purpura & Hemophilia
- Leukaemia
- (h) Endocrine Disorders
 - Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus
 - (i) Orthopaedic Disorders
 - CTEV (Club foot), Congenital hip dislocation
 - Fractures
 - (j) Disorders of Skin, Eye & ENT

Skin : Eczema, urticaria, scabies, pediculosis, worm infestations

Eye & ENT: Tonsillitis, Deafness, Otorrhoea, Otitis Media, Cong Cataract, hypertelorism

- (k)
- Measles/rubella, Chicken pox

Communicable Diseases in Children

- Diphtheria, whooping cough
- Tetanus, Poliomyelitis
- AIDS
- Tuberculosis

(m) Paediatric Emergencies

- Accidents, Poisoning ,Stings & Bites
- Foreign bodies, Haemorrhage & Drowning Burns

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF BEHAVIOURAL PROBLEMS IN CHILDREN CHILDHOOD ILLNESS.

- 04 hrs.
- Enuresis, Encoprecis, temper tantrums somnambulism, juvenile delinquency, speech defects, tics, pica, antisocial behaviour
- Management of challenged children
 - Need for early diagnosis ,treatment and

rehabilitation of Mentally challenged – Mental retardation

Physically challenged – Cerebral palsy

Socially challenged - Child abuse & child labour

PRACTICUM

The students will :-

- 1. Be posted in paediatric medical and surgical ward, OPD in hospital, health centre and neonatal unit..
- 2. Visit a centre for handicapped children and child welfare centre and write observation report.
- 3. Write an observation study of normal children of various age groups in home/nursery school/creche.
- 4. Follow nursing process in providing care to 3-6 children.
- 5. Write at least two nursing care studies and do a presentation.
- 6. Give two planned health teachings, one in hospital and one in OPD/health centre.
- 7. Practice the following nursing procedures :
 - 7.1. Taking pediatric history

- 7.2. Physical assessment of children
- 7.3. Baby bath
- 7.4. Feeding spoon & vati, nezogastric feeding.
- 7.5. Restraining
- 7.6. Calculation of dosage of drugs and administration of medications and injections & Intra Venous Infusion.
- 7.7. Collection of specimens
- 7.8. Enema. bowel wash. colostomy irrigation
- 7.9. Steam and Oxygen inhalation
- 7.10. Preparation to assist with diagnostic tests and operations
- 7.11. Examination/Assessment of a newborn
- 7.12. Neonatal resuscitation
- 7.13. Care of a baby in incubator and on ventilator
- 7.14. Photo therapy
- 7.15. Assist in exchange transfusion and other therapeutic procedures

CLINICAL EXPERIENCE :

Total Hours : 240

-	Pediatric Medical	hours: 60
-	Pediatric Surgical	hours: 60
-	Intensive Pediatric Critical Unit	hours: 30
-	NICU	hours: 30
-	OPDs including (CWC, CGC)	hours: 30
-	Visits - (various agencies: i.e., crèches, schools, nursery	a contamba - C
	Special schools & handicapped, etc.)	hours: 30

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Child Health Nursing	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
7.	Theory	3	25	75	100
2.	Practical	and like	50	50	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	25 Marks
Practical:	50 Marks
Total:	75 Marks

Details as follows:

Internal Assessment (Theory): 25 Marks

(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University)

- Mid-Term: 50 Marks
- Prelim: 75 Marks

Total: 125 Marks

(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 25 Marks)

Internal assessment (Practicum): 50 Marks

(Out of 50 Marks to be send to the University) Practical Exam

Tractical Exam

1) Mid-Term exam

050 Marks

2) Prelim	050 Marks
3) Clinical Evaluation & Clinical Assignment:	500 Marks
i) Case study (two):	100 Marks
(One Paediatric Medical &	
One paediatric surgical-50 marks each)	
ii) Case presentation (one)	050 Marks
iii) Clinical evaluation of compressive	
nursing care-	300 Marks
(One paediatric medical, One paediatric	
surgical & One NICU-100 Marks each)	
iv) Health teaching	025 Marks
v) Assessment of growth and development	100 Marks
(Preterm baby, Infant, Toddler, Preschloolar	·,
and schoolar (Marks 20 each).	
Total:	675 Marks
(675 Marks from Practicum to be converted into 50	Marks)
2	

External Assessment:	125 Marks
(University Exam)	
Theory:	75 Marks
Practical:	50 Marks

125 Marks

REFRENCES:

Total:

- 1. Marlow Dorothy and Redding. Text book of Peadiatric Nursing. 6th edition Hartcourt India Ltd, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Wong Dona et al. Whaley and Wongs Nursing care of Infants and children. 6th edition. Mosby Company, Philadelphia, 2000.
- 3. Black G Florence and Wright. Essential of Paediatric Nursing. JB Lippincott & Co. Philadelphia.
- 4. Parthasarathy et al. IAP Text book of Peadiatrics. 1st edition Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi-2000.
- Ghai OP et al. Ghai's Essentials of Peadiatrics. 5th edition. Mehta Offset works, New Delhi, 2000
- 6. Vishwanathan and Desai. Achar's Text book of Paediatrics. 3rd edition. Orient Langman. Chennai, 1999.

MEDICAL –SURGICAL NURSING

Placement : Ist Year.

Allotted Theory: 90hrs. Practical: 270hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The purpose of this course is to widen the students' knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with Medical Surgical problems. This course includes review of relevant anatomy & physiology, pathophysiology in Medical Surgical disorders & the nursing management of these conditions.

OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course, the F.Y.B.Sc. Nursing students will-

- 1. explain relevant Anatomy & Physiology of various systems of the body.
- 2. explain eitiology, pathophysiology & manifestations of various disorders.
- 3. explain the actions, side-effects & nursing implications in administering drugs for various disorders.
- 4. discuss the recent advancement in the investigations, treatment & care of patients with Medical Surgical conditions.
- 5. develop skill in giving comprehensive nursing care to patients following the steps of nursing process.
- 6. assist the patients & their families in identifying & meeting their own health needs.
- 7. provide planned & incidental health education on various aspects related to disorder & relevant care.
- 8. appreciate the role of the nurse in the Medical Surgical health team.

COURSE CONTENTS :

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING 4 hrs

- Introduction to medical surgical nursing.
- Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions.
- Nurse, patient & his/her family
- Functions of nurse in the outpatient department.
- Intensive care units. * Staff requirement. Client's needs & nsg. care.

UNIT II NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC PROBLEMS 10 hrs

- Fluid & electrolyte imbalance.
- Dyspnoea, cough & respiratory obstruction.
- Fever & nursing care.
- Shock & nursing care.
- Unconsciousness & nursing care.
- Pain perception & nursing care.

- Acute & chronic illness & nursing care.
- Terminal illness & nursing care.
- Ageing & illness & nursing care.
- Pre & post-operative care.
- Nursing care of clients with incontinence.

UNIT III NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENT WITH 08 hrs. NEUROLOGICAL & NEURO-SURGICAL CONDITIONS.

- Review of anatomy & physiology of the nervous system & assessment of clients with CNS disorders.
- Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures & management of :
 - cerebro-vascular accident & nursing care.
 - cranial, spinal & peripheral neuropathies & nursing care.
 - headache & intractable pain & nursing care.
 - epilepsy & nursing care.
 - nursing care of clients with infectious & inflammatory diseases & trauma of the nervous system.
 - nursing care of clients with common CNS disorders.
 - recent advances in diagnostic & treatment modalities & drugs used in CNS disorders.
 - brain, spinal tumours, congenital malformations, degenerative disorders.

UNIT IV NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIO-VASCULAR PROBLEMS. 08 hrs

- Review of relevant anatomy & physiology of cardio-vascular system & assessment of clients with cardio-vascular disorders. Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures & management of-
- ischaemic heart disease.
- cardiac arrhythmias.
- congestive cardiac failure.
- rheumatic & other valvular heart diseases.
- endocarditis, cardiomyopathies, congenital heart diseases, hypertension, heart block.
- cardiac emergencies: cardiac arrest, acute pulmonary oedema, cardiac tamponade, cardiogenic shock, aneurisms & peripherovascular disorders, recent advancement in cardiology.

UNIT V NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENT WITH RESPIRATORY PROBLEMS.

06 hrs

Review of anatomy & physiology of respiratory system & assessment of clients with respiratory disorders. Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures and management of upper and lower respiratory track infection

- Bronchitis, bronchiectasis & nursing care.
- Asthama, emphysema, empyema, atelectasis, COPD and nursing care.

- Chest injuries, resp. arrest & insufficiency
- Special respiratory therapies & drugs used in the management.

UNIT VI NURSING MANAGEMENT OF CLIENTS WITH GENITO-URINARY PROBLEMS. 05 hrs.

Review of anatomy & physiology of the genito-urinary system & assessment of clients with genito-urinary problems. Pathophysilogy & management of-

- congenital disorders, urinary infections.
- nephritis, renal calculi.
- acute renal failure, chronic renal failure, end stage renal disease.
- special procedures : dialysis, renal transplant.
- benign prostatic hypertrophy.
- drugs used in the management of these patients.

UNIT VII NURSING MANAGEMENT OF CLIENTS WITH PROBLEMS OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEMS 10 hrs.

Review of anatomy & physiology of gastro-intestinal system & accessory organs& assessment of clients with gastro-intestinal tract disorders.

Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures & management of -

- gastro-intestinal bleeding.
- peptic ulcer.
- acute abdomen.
- infections, colitis, diarrhoea, dysentry & mal-absorption syndrome.
- cholecystitis.
- hepatitis, hepatic coma & cirrhosis of liver, portal hypertension.
- pancreatitis.
- tumours, hernias, fistulas, fissures, haemmorrhoids.
- drugs used in the management of these patients.

UNIT VIII NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH ENDOCRINE PROBLEMS.

Review of anatomy & physiology & assessment of clients with endocrine disorders.

5 hrs

- Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures & management of -
- thyroid disorders.
- diabetes mellitus, diabetes insipidus.
- adrenal tumours, pituitory disorders.
- drugs used, diagnostic procedures & nursing management of patient with above problems.

UNIT IX NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULO-

SKELETAL PROBLEMS.

5 hrs.

Review of anatomy, physiology & assessment of patients with musculo-skeletal disorders.

Osteomalacia, osteoporosis, osteomyelitis, bursitis.

Fractures, dislocation & trauma.

Prolapsed disc.

Prosthesis & rehabilitation.

Transplant & replacement surgeries.

UNIT X NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE TRACT. 3 hrs.

Disorders of menstruation & inf. of genital tract. *Benign & malignant tumours of genital tract & RVF & VVF. * Climacteric changes & associated problems.

UNIT XI

NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH ONCOLOGICAL DISORDERS.

5 hrs.

Types of neoplasms & related pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures,

modalities of treatment & nurses' role.

- Special therapies : chemotherapy & radiotherapy & nsg. care.
- Preventive measures, other therapies.

UNIT XII NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH BURNS & RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERIES. 3 hrs.

Pathophysiology, assessment & nursing management of patients with burns.

Nursing management of patients with reconstructive surgeries.

UNIT XIII NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, STDS & HIV/AIDS. 5 hrs.

- Nursing management of patients with common communicable diseases & STDs.
- Nursing management of patients with immunological disorders including HIV/AIDs.

UNIT XIV NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISEASES OF EYE,EAR,NOSE,THROAT & SKIN. 5 hrs.

- Assessment & nursing management of patients with eye disorders.
 - (eye injuries, catract, inf., blindness)
 - Assessment & nursing management of patienst with ear disorders (deafness).
- Assessment & nursing management of patients with nose & throat disorders. (DNS, tonsillitis).

	Assessment & nursing management of disorders. (fungal inf., herpes, psoriasis etc)	patients with skin
UNIT XV	 NURSING MANAGEMENT OF P. DISORDERS. Review of anatomy & physiology of Pathophysiology, diagnostic procedures disorders. anaemia, leukaemia. bleeding disorders, haemophilia, purp. blood transfusion, safety checks, promanagement of adverse transfusion transfusion. management & counseling of blood & post-donation management. blood bank functioning & hospital traw waste management in relation to b 	5 hrs. blood & blood products. & management of blood oura etc. cedure & requirements, reaction, records for blood donors, phlbotomy procedure, unsfusion committee. Biosafety
UNIT XVI - - -	NURSING IN EMERGENCIES. Cardiac emergencies. (included in unit Trauma. poisoning.	3 hrs.
	crisis mgt :thyroid, hypertensive, & adrea viii & iv.	nal crisis included in unit
PRACTILU		nal crisis included in unit Total hrs. 270.
 Medical Surgical Cardiolo Neurolo Intensive Critical Critical Burns U Orthopa Opthaln Ear, Nos 	viii & iv. M/CLINICAL EXPERIENCS : unit Uni ogy Unit gy Unit e care Unit care Unit nit edic Unit nic Unit ic Unit ic Throat Unit I Kidney Dylasis gy Unit	

EVALUATION :

Paper	Subject Medical & Surgical Nursing	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
8.	Theory	3	25	75	100
3.	Practicals		50	50	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	25 Marks	
Practical:	50 Marks	
Total:	75 Marks	
Details as follows:		
Internal Assessmen	nt (Theory): 25 Marks	
	be send to the University)	
Mid-Term:	50 Marks	
Prelim:	75 Marks	
Total:	125 Mark	
(125 Marks	from mid-term & prelim (The	ory) to be converted into
25 Marks)		
Internal Assessmen	nt (Practical): 50 Marks	
	be send to the University)	
Practical Exam	be send to the Oniversity)	
Mid-Term Exam		050 Marks
Prelim	1	050 Marks
Lotters and the bolic second second	on & Clinical Assignment:	600 Marks
	Two) (50 Marks Each)	100 Marks
Constraint of the Constraint o	al & One Surgical Nursing)	100 Marks
	tion (Two) (50 Marks Each)	100 Marks
	ty i.e., ENT/Ophthalmology/S	
	plans (25 marks each)	100 Marks
C	gy/Orthopedic/Cardiology/Or	
	uation Comprehensive Nursing	
	i) i.e., medical Nursing, Surgio	
Critical Care Ur		cui rituising,
Total:	into	700 Marks
	ractical to be converted into 5	
		27.1 X22 10.5
External Assessment:	125 Marks (University Ex	(amination)
Theory :	75 Marks	

REFERENCES:

Practical:

- 1. LongPhipps. Casseyer. Medical Surgical Nursing. A Nursing process approach. Pub. Mosby co. 1993
- 2. Lewis, Collier, Heitcemper. Medical Surgical Assessment& management of clinical problems.
- 3. Brunner & Suddharth. Medical Surgical Nursing Pub. J.B.Lippincott co.

50 Marks

- 4. Luckmann& Sorensen. Medical Surgical Nursing A phschophysiologic approach. Pub. W.B. Saunders co.
- Joyce M. Black, E.M. Jacobs; Medical, Surgical Nursing, Clinical Management for continuity of care; 5th ed.; 1997; by W.B. Saunders company.(part I&II).

ENGLISH

Placement: Ist Year

Time Allotted: Theory - 60 Hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course is designed to help the student understand and usage of English language required for their professional work.

<u>OBJECTIVES</u> : After the course the students will develop

- 1. Ability to speak and write grammatically correct English
- 2. Effective skill in reading and understanding the English language
- 3. Skill in reporting

COURSE CONTENTS :

UNIT I

15 hrs.

- Remedial study of Grammer
- Review of grammer, vocabulary and effective use of dictionary
- Prepare task oriented seminars
- Symposia and panel discussion

UNIT II

- The ability to understand selected passage and express meaning in one's own words.
- Reading and comprehension of the prescribed books

UNIT III

20 hrs.

10 hrs.

- The study of various forms of composition
- Note taking
- Diary
- Nurses notes, anecdotal records
- Writing of summary
- Nurses reports on health problems

The students will submit one sample of each item from her own practical experience.

UNIT IV

15 hrs.

- Verbal communication
- Oral reports
- Summarization of discussion
- Debate
- Listening comprehension Film, Cassette and Radio

PRACTICUM:

- The clinical experience in the wards and bed side nursing will provide opportunity for students to fulfill the objectives of learning language.
- Assignment on writing and conversation through participation in discussion, debates, seminars and symposia. The students will gain further skills in task oriented communication.

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject * English (Qualifying)	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
9.	Theory		College leve exam, minir	00 el qualifying num passing s 33%.	100

* College level qualifying exam to appear in University Examination, minimum passing Marks 33%.

Internal Assessment: 100 Marks

(Out of 100 Marks to be send to the University along with Internal Assessment Marks of other subjects for inclusion in the Mark Sheet.)

Mid-Term:	50 Marks
Prelim:	50 Marks
Total:	100 Mark

REFRENCES :

Some extracts from the book "How to Win Friends & Influence People" – Dale Carnegie

MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NASHIK

IInd YEAR

POST BASIC B.Sc NURSING

SYLLABUS

2005-2006

SOCIOLOGY

Placement: IInd Year

Time Allotted: Theory : 60 Hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course is to reorient students to sociology related to community of social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing,

OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course, the student will

- describe sociological concepts applicable to nursing -
- determine role of sociology in nursing as related to social institutes in India. -
- 4 Develop positive attitudes towards individual family and community.

COURSE CONTENTS:

UNIT I INTRODUCTION OF SOCIOLOGY TO NURSING

- Behavioural sciences, social sciences, arts and sciences-meaning, fields and scope, their relationship with nursing
- Concepts of social development and indicators of health, role of nurse as a social scientist and change agent in health for all.
- Development of medical sociology meaning, fields, scope, sociology and nursing methodology of sociology, sociology as science.
- Meaning, definition, scope and significance of sociology, contribution of August Comte, Durkheim, Max Weber, Maciver to the development of sociology. Contribution of Indian sociologists such as Radhakamal Mukherjee, Ghurye, Kapadiam Sriniwas.
- Individual and society, their relationship with each other approaches to study their interdepending atomism and holism and contract theory.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS IN SOCIOLOGY

- Concepts its meaning, utility -primary concepts in sociology institutions, association, organisation-meanings, definitions, functions, comparison
- Groups types, classification, meanings, definitions, characteristics of primary and secondary groups. Their comparison, ingroup, outgroup, reference group
- Social groups crowds-features, characteristics type, nature, formation of crowd, public, audience as a group, public opinion, nation, race
- Society- development of society from primitive, slavery, feudal, capitalist to complex. Relevance of societal knowledge to health workers.
- Human society and animal society comparison uniqueness of Human society language, adaptation of man to nature, environment, ecology from primitive to modern development with reference to health practices.
- Indian society-its peculiarities tribal community, rural community and comparison, pachayat raj-doctrin of karma dharma artha and kama, moksa, ashram in traditional hindu society.
- Status and role type, function, characteristics of status and role, relationship between status and role, doctor's role, nurses role, patients role.
- Concepts of structure and functions elements definitions-meanings of structure and function, interdependence, social dysfunction causes
- Social system definition, meanings characteristics, prerequisite of social system, type of social system
- Social stratification features, significance (or functions) and functional necessities if stratification forms of stratification - caste and class

15 hrs

5 hrs

- Caste system unique feature of Indian social system, nature of caste system, hierarchy, segmental division, restrictions or taboos, civil and religious disabilities, limited choice of occupation, endogamy advantage maintaining partly of genes Dr. G.S. Guyrye's contribution
- Class system division three-upper, middle, lower, features, characteristics Karl Marx's theory of class formation, distinction between class and caste.

UNIT III SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS

- Social institutions features, functions (role) meanings, definitions-distinction between institutions and community, institutions and association, institutions and society, various social institutions
- Norms as social institutions, meanings, definitions, characteristics, classifications of norms mores, taboos, customs, folkways, fashion-fads, laws institutionalize
- Marriage as institution, definition, meanings, nature, type, characteristics, forms of marriage, functions of marriage
- Family as institution-meaning definitions, types, characteristics, functions or roles of family a basic unit or group of society
- Family traditional and modern, Indian family, role of women in traditional and modern family, divorce, family problems, problem family.
- Role of family in health, illness and diseases, family and nurse, role of family in the context of women's and children's health in India from girl, marriage, oldage.
- Religion institution, definition, meanings, basic components a system of beliefs and rituals, ancient and modern concepts. Indian set up religion Hindu, Jain, Buddhism Islam, Christianity.
- Economic as Institution meanings, definitions stages of economic life- food gathering, pastoral, agricultural, industrial
- Education Institutions definitions, meanings, functions, roles, history of education and developments
- Politics as institutions definitions, meanings, functions, roles, changing pattern, emperor, democracy, govt. and role of state in health. Public health.

UNIT-IV CULTURE

- Planning-definitions of culture in sociology and anthropological, components, characteristics, origin and development of culture.
- Nature and functions of culture-variability ethnocentrism in culture-culture and health behavior.
- Culture and personality, culture and civilization, cultural lag
- · Culture and society, patterns of culture, inventions and discovery

UNIT V SOCIAL INTERACTION

- Social interactions meanings, factors, influencing interaction, definition, Importance
- Social process meaning, definitions, co-operation, competition, conflicts, accommodation, assimilation, revolution and war.
- Concepts of social control meaning definition type of social control socialization, religion and sanctions, agencies of social control family, peer groups, schools, neighborhood, communication. Adult socialization, realization.

5 hrs

5 hrs

10 hrs

UNIT VI SOCIAL CHANGE AND PROGRESS

- Social change, meanings, definitions, factors influencing social change. Causes of social change, theories, type – planned and natural.
- Social change in India
 - Dr. M.N. Srinivas's concept of sanskritization, westernization and modernization.
 - Education, urbabization, industrilization, development of transportation and communication.
- Factors affecting social change demographic, technological, agricultural development, economic, cultural, planned change

UNIT VII DISORGANISATION AND SOCIAL PROBLEMS

15 hrs

5 hrs

- Meaning and definition of organization and disorganization, causes of disorganization, types of disorganization individual, family, community, effect of disorganization on Individual, family and community
- Disorganization in the Society causes, type of crime, health related problems
- Juvenile delinquency meaning, causes, children act, Government remedial measures and NGO role in the management problem. Child abuse, child labour, related health problems.
- Prostitution meaning, history, type, causes welfare steps, health related problems.
- Alcohol drug and substance abuse causes history, impact on adolescent, family. Health related problems
- Poverty, unemployment, history causes Remedial measures, Health related problems
- Beggary meaning, causes, history Remedial measures and health related problems.
- Population growth and related problems- population explosion and causes, consequences of rapid growth, remedies to control the growth. Eg. Population education, contraceptive, motivation, women's education
- Visit to available social agency

EVALUATION :

-

Paper	Subject Socialogy	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
10.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment: 25 Marks

Theory:		15 Marks	
Clinical	Assignment:	10 Marks	
Total:		25 Marks	
(Out of 2	5 Marks to be send	to the University)	
Internal	Assessment (Theo	ory): 15 Marks	
	Mid-Term:	50 Marks	
	Prelim:	75 Marks	
	Total:		125 Marks
(125 Mar	ks from mid-term	& prelim to be converted	l into 15 Marks)
Clinical	Assignments:	10 Marks	

External Assessment (Theory): (University Examination) 75 Marks

REFERENCES:

- 1. MacIver & Page : Society; India : Macmillan, 1964
- 2. MacIver & Page : Society: An introductory analysis; London, 1956
- 3. Murdock: Social structure; New york, 1944
- 4. Fairchild, H.P.:Dictionary of sociology; New York, 1944
- 5. Barnes, H.E. : Social institutions; New York, 1946
- 6. Mamoria, C.B.: Social problems and social disorganization in India; Mumbai, 2003
- 7. Manelkar, R.K.: Sociology for nurses; Mumbai, 2002

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

Placement : IInd year

Time Allotted Theory : 60 Hrs. Practical : 240 Hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The course enables the students to acquire knowledge and understanding of the changing concepts of comprehensive community health nursing practice, the national health care delivery system and to participate in the delivery of community health nursing practice.

This course also broadens the understanding in public health nursing administration, responsibility of nurse for early case finding, health assessment and health education based on principles of primary health care, Nursing process approach and comprehensive nursing care to the individual, family and community.

<u>OBJECTIVES</u>: At the end of the course the student will

- 1) Explain the concept of various factors contributing the health of individual family and community.
- Explain and analyze health need of individual family and community based on factors contributing to health and illness
- 3) Describe national health care delivery system.
- Describes epidemiological methods and principles of prevention and control of illness in the community.
- 5) Study implementation of national programmes and role of CHN in prevention and control of diseases.
- 6) Identify the role of personnel working in the community health setup and appreciate the integrated approach to community health.
- 7) Plan the work of community heath nurse and supervise the health workers.
- 8) Study concept of public health administration and role of nurse as manager and supervisor.

COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT I	COMMUNITY HEALTH AND COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING	8 hrs.
-	Changing concepts of health	
-	Determinants of health	
	Introduction to community health & CH Nursing	
-	Principles of working in a community.	
. "	Primary health care - concepts and principles.	
	Role of nurse in promoting primary health care.	
11 11 -	Health for all - concepts strategy for HFA.	
-	Community health assessment and diagnosis.	
UNIT II	FAMILY HEALTH CARE & SERVICES	10 hrs
	Concepts, Objectives scope & Principles of family health services.	

- Family as a unit of community health service.
- Factors influencing family health and high-risk families.
- Family Health assessment, Health risk families.

- Principles and technique of home visits.
- Nursing process in family & community health care. Establishing working relationship with the family.
- Working with families in relation to prevention of disease and promotion of health.
- Care of Sick, & care of physically handicapped and mentally retarded at home
- Family health records.

UNIT III HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA.

10 hrs.

- Health care delivery system in India.
 - Health planning, National health policy and Five Years plan
 - Organization and administration of health services at central, state, district level and Rural Health Services (Panchayati Raj).
 - Monitoring and evaluation and health services
 - System of medicines.
 - Centrally sponsored health schemes.
 - Role of voluntary health organization & International Health agencies.
 - Health team concept, Public health legislation.
 - Community Health Nursing Administration.
 - Role of health personnel in community health Practice.
 - Training Programmes for various health workers.
 - Management and supervision in community health nursing practice.

UNIT IV HEALTH EDUCATION (IEC Information, Education, Communication) 5 hrs.

- Aims, concepts and scope of health education.
- Communication and health education.
- Methods and media for health education in community.
- Planning for health education and role of nurse in I.E.C.
- Central Health Education Bureau.

UNIT V ROLE OF NURSE IN NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAMMES.

15 hrs.

7 hrs.

- Development of community health services in India.
- Major health problem in India.
- National health programme for communicable and Non-communicable disease.
- Maternal and child health programme.
- Nutritional programme.
- Family welfare
- School health Programme.
- Occupational Health Programme.
- Disaster Management.
- As a health team members.
- Records and reports in Community health.

UNIT VI EPIDEMIOLOGY.

- Epidemiology Definition, Concepts, aims, objectives and methods and Principles.
- Epidemiology Theories and Models.
- Application of Epidemiological Principles in community health.
- Monitoring and surveillance.
- Levels of prevention of disease

UNIT VII BIO STATISTICS AND VITAL STATISTICS.

- Introduction, definition and scope, legislation.
- Report, recording and compiling of vital statistics at the local State, National and International level.
- Definitions and methods of computing vital statistics.
- Methods of presenting data.
- Management Information System.

PRACTICUM

- Each students will prepare to community profile
- The students will be allotted families to give comprehensive nursing care through nursing process approach in Urban / Rural area.
- The students will participate in activities of Primary Health Center, Sub Centre, Community Health Centres, MCH Centre etc.
- Visit to the selected Health and Welfare agencies.
- To plan and conduct Health Education Programmes individual/ groups/ community/Mass Health Education and Health Exhibition, to prepare simple A.V. AIDS.
- To supervise students and other health workers in the community settings.
- Students will be posted atleast 2 weeks for rural community health experience.
- To conduct simple family health survey analyze the data collected (Community dignosis)
- To write two family health care studies in urban and rural area. (One in each)

CLINICAL EXPERIENCE :

TOTAL HOURS : 240

I)	 <u>Urban Public Health Experience</u> Family oriented Health care Community Assessment / Community dignosis (Family Health Survey) 	hours 160 hours 40 hours 30
	- School Health Programme	hours 20 hours 20
	 Health Education Urban Public Health Centres (Various Clinics) Educational Visits 	hours 30 hours 30
II)	Rural Public Health Experience 1. Participation in Primary Health Care PHC, SC, R.H., etc.	hours 80 (2 weeks) hours 30
	 2. Family oriented Health care 3. Public Health Administration 4. Visits to various Health agencies (Zilha Parishad, D.T.C. District Training Centre, Community Health Centre) 	hours 10 hours10 hours 20
	5. Health Education Programme	hours 10

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Community Health Nursing	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
11.	Theory	3	25	75	100
4.	Practicals		50	50	100

Inter	rnal Assessment:		
	Theory:	25 Marks	
	Practical:	50 Marks	
	Total:	75 Marks	
Deta	ils as follows:		
	Internal Assessment (T	heory): 25 Marks	
	(Out of 25 Marks to be s	end to the University)	
	Mid-Term:	50 Marks	
	Prelim:	75 Marks	
	Total:	125 Mark	
	(125 Marks from mid-te	rm & prelim (Theory) to be converted i	nto 25 Marks)
	Internal Assessment (P	ractical): 50 Marks	
	Practical Exam:		
	Mid-Term Exam:		050
	Marks		
	Prelim Exam:		050 Marks
	Clinical Evaluation &	Clinical Assignment:	325 Marks
		n (family oriented care Urban Area)	100 Marks
		h Survey & Community diagnosis	025 Marks
	-	re Study (Urban & Rural settings)	100 Marks
	4. School Health Pro		025 Marks
	5. Health Education		025 Marks
	6. Rural Public Heal	th (as per guideline):	050 Marks
	Total:		425
	Marks		

(425 Marks from Practical to be converted into 50 Marks)

External Assessment:	125 Marks
(University Examination)	
Theory:	75 Marks
Practical:	50 Marks

REFERENCES

- 1. Basvanthappa B. T. Community Health Nursing 2002.
- 2. Park J. E. Preventive and social Medicine 17 edition 2003
- 3. Stanhope Community Nursing and promoting Health of the aggregate families and Individuals - IInd edition 1988
- 4. Stanhope Community Health Nursing process and practice for practitioner IVth Edition 1962
- 5. Stanhope Routh- Community Health Nursing Workbook, Family as a client, New Delhi 1982
- 6. Spradely and Barbara Community Health Nursing
- 7. Mahajan B. K. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, IInd edition 1995.
- 8. Najoo Kotwal Revised by TNAi " Public Health Mannual " 1989

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Hnd Year

Time Allotted Theory : 60 hrs. Practical: 240 hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course enables the students to recognize and appreciate the causes, symptoms and process of abnormal human behavior.

It also introduces the student to the present day treatment modalities in the light of psychological, social and cultural factors affecting human behavior.

This course helps the student to learn principles of mental health and psychiatric nursing and to develop skills in the management of the mentally ill in hospital and community.

OBJECITVES: At the end of course, the student will

- 1. Identify and describe the philosophy and principles of mental health nursing.
- 2. Describe the historical development of mental health and psychiatric nursing.
- 3. Classify mental disorders.
- 4. Develop skills in history taking and performing mental status examination.
- 5. Describe etiological factors, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnostic criteria and treatment methods used for mental disorders.
- 6. Manage the patients with various mental disorders.
- 7. Communicate therapeutically with patients and their families.
- 8. Identify role of the nurse in preventive psychiatry.
- 9. Identify the legal aspects in practice of mental health and psychiatric nursing.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION AND HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT 5hrs. Review of the concept of mental health and illness & mental mechanisms. History of psychiatry -Historical development of mental health nursing. Philosophy, principles of mental health and psychiatric nursing. Theoretical approaches to Psychiatric Nursing. Concept of normal and abnormal behavior. Role and qualities of mental health and psychiatric nurse Mental health team and functions of team members. Legal aspects in psychiatry and mental health services. **UNIT II** CLASSIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT OF MENTAL DISORDERS 5 hrs. Terminologies used in Psychiatry Classification of mental disorders- ICD-10 classification Etiological factors and psychopathology of mental disorders -History taking and mental status examination. UNIT III THERAPEUTIC COMMUNICATION 4 hrs. Communication process Interview skill Therapeutic communication techniques. Nurse patient Relationship. Therapeutic impasse and it's management process recording.

UNIT IV N

W MANAGEMENT OF MENTAL DISORDERS

20 hrs.

Etiological factors, psychopathology, types, clinical features diagnostic criteria, treatment and nursing management of patient with following disorders.

- Neurotic Disorders:

- Anxiety disorders General & Panic
- Depressive Neurosis
- Obsessive Compulsive Neurosis.
- Phobic Neurosis
- Hypochondriacal Neurosis.
- Stress related and Somatoform disorders
- Hysteric disorder.
- Psychotic Disorders:
 - Schizophrenic disorders
 - Affective disorders
 - Organic Brain Syndromes acute & chronic
- Epileptic disorders
- Sleep disorders
- Psychosomatic disorders
- Personality disorders
- Sexual Disorders
 - **Disorders of childhood:-** Specific developmental disorders, Pervasive developmental disorders, Attention deficit disorders, Conduct disorders, Enuresis & Encopresis, Speech Disorders, Habit disorders, other disorders.
- Adolescent disorders Attention deficit hyper activity disorder, conduct disorder, substance abuse, depression and suicide, eating disorders, running away.

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF PATIENT WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS 3 hrs

- Substance use and misuse
- Dependence, intoxication and withdrawal
 - Classification of psychoactive substances
 - Etiological & contributory factors
 - Psychopathology
 - Clinical features
 - Diagnostic criteria
 - Treatment and nursing management of patient with substance use disorders.

Preventive and rehabilitative aspects in substance abuse.

UNIT-VI MANAGEMENT OF MENTAL SUB-NORMALITY / MENTALLY CHALLENGED-

- Classification of mental sub-normality
- Etiological factors
- Psychopathology
 - Psychometric assessment
 - Diagnostic criteria and management of sub-normality

UNIT VII PSYCHIATRIC EMERGENCIES

- Types of emergencies
 - Psychopathology, Clinical feature, Assessment and diagnosis, Treatment and nursing management of patient with psychiatric emergencies such as-
- Suicide, Stupor & Catatonic syndrome, Aggression, other psychiatric emergencies
- Crisis Intervention therapy

UNIT VIII THERAPEUTIC MODALITIES-

Principles, indication, contraindications and role of nurse in various treatment

12 hrs.

4 hrs.

2hrs

method:

- Pharmacotherapy
- Therapeutic community and Milieu therapy
- Psychotherapy- psychoanalysis, Behavior therapy, Cognitive Therapy, Supportive Therapy, Hypnosis, Abreaction, Relaxation Therapies, Biofeedback.
- Group therapy
- Family therapy
- Occupational Therapy
- Electro convulsive therapy
- Other miscellaneous therapies.

UNIT IX PREVENTIVE PSYCHIATRY-

- Model of prevention
- Role of nurse in preventive psychiatry
- Psychiatric social worker
- Community mental health nursing
- Community mental health Services and agencies
- National mental health programme

PRACTICUM

The student will be provided opportunity to:

- Observe, record and report the behavior of their selected patients.
- Record the process of interaction.
- Assess the nursing needs of their selected patients. Plan and implement the nursing intervention.
- Counsel the attendant and family members of patient.
- Participate in the activities of psychiatric team
- Conduct an awareness programme on preventive Psychiatry
- Write observation reports after a field visit to the following places:
 - Child guidance clinic
 - School/special School (for mentally subnormal)
 - Mental Hospital
 - Community mental health center
 - De-addiction center.

CLINICAL EXPERIENCES

1. Psychiatric ward male & female	hours 120
2. Psychiatric OPD	hours 30
3. De-addiction center	hours 30
4. Various departments	hours 25
(ECT, CGC, Occupational Therapy, Behavioral Therapy, Psychotherapy)	
5. Visit to Mental Hospital	hours 10
6. Community Mental Health (Visit to Rehabilitation centers)	hours 25
LUATION.	

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Mental Health Nursing	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
12.	Theory	3	25	75	100
5.	Practicals		50	50	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	25 Marks
Practical:	50 Marks
Total:	75 Marks

5 hrs.

Total Hours. : 240 hrs

Details as follows:

Internal Assessment (Theory): 25 Marks

(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University)

Mid-Term:	50 Marks
Prelim:	75 Marks
Total:	125 Mark
(105) (1 6	11, 0 1

(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 25 Marks)

Internal Assessment (Practical):50 Marks(Out of 50 Marks to be send to the University)
Mid-Term Exam050 MarksPrelim Exam050 MarksClinical Evaluation & Clinical Assignment:
1. History taking: Two (50 marks each)100 Marks

2. MSE: Two (50 marks each) 100 Marks 3. Process Recording: Two (25 marks each) 050 Marks 4. Nursing Care Plan: Two (50 marks each) 100 Marks 5. Clinical performance evaluation 100 Marks (Male or female ward) 6. Case Study: One 050 Marks 7. Case Presentation: One 050 Marks 8. Drugs study 050 Marks 9. Health Education: One 025 Marks Total: 725 Marks

(725 Marks from practical to be converted into 50 Marks)

External Assessment: (University Examination)

Theory: 75 Marks Practical 50 Mark

REFERENCES:-

1. Principles and Practice of Psychiatric Nursing - By Stuart and Luraia

125 Marks

- 2. Comprehensive Psychiatric Nursing Jidith Haber
- 3. Community Psychiatry Kaplan
- 4. Psychiatric Nursing Mary Townsend
- 5. A Short text book of Psychiatry Neeraj Ahooja
- 6. A text book of Psychiatric Nursing Bimla Kapoor
- 7. Lippincott's Manual of Psychiatric Nursing Care Plan.
- 8. Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing Barbara Schoen Johnson, Lippincot company.
- 9. Mental Health Nursing Mosby's Review Series Paulette D. Rollant, Denise B. Deppoliti.
- A Guide to Mental Health Nursing & Psychiatric Nursing Sreevani, Jaypee Brothers Publication.
- 11. Question Bank Mental Health Nursing for U.G. Nursing students Sreevani, Jaypee Brothers Publication.
- Psychosocial Nursing for General Patient Care, 2nd Ed.-02 Gorman, Jaypee Brothers Publication.

INTRODUCTION TO NURSING EDUCATION

Placement- IInd Year

Time allotted Theory : 60 hrs Practical: 75 hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION :-

This course introduces the students to Principles and concepts of Education, curriculum development and methods and media of teaching. It also describes the step the steps in curriculum development and implementation of educational programme in Nursing.

OBEJCTIVES; At the end of the course, the students will

- 1. Describe the philosophy and principles of education
- 2. Describe the process of a nursing curriculum development

- 3. Explain the teaching learning process
- 4. Develop the ability to teach, using various methods and media
- 5. Describe the process of assessment
- 6. Describe the administrative aspects of school of nursing, College of Nursing
- 7. Develop basic skills in counseling and guidance

- principles of teaching

8. Participate in planning and organizing an in-service education programme

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIION	5 hrs.
and support of	- Meaning, aims, function and principles	
	- Philosophy of education	
ALL DESCRIPTION	- Factors influencing development of philosophy of	
A Read Based	Nursing education	
A State of the sta	- Nursing profession -Definition, concept, importance and	
	characteristics of nursing profession	
A Martine	- Development of nursing education in India before and	
	after independence	
	- Nursing education programmes in India - Basic, Post	
applies In 1995	Certificate, Degree, post graduation and Ph. D.	
A strain for all of the	 High power committee recommendations for nursing 	
	education	
1	- Qualities, role and responsibilities of a nursing teacher	
UNIT II	NURSING CURICULUM DEVELOPMENT	8 hrs.
	- Organization of Nursing Curriculum	
	 Development of Nursing Curriculum. 	
	- Curriculum types	
	- Curriculum Committee	
	- Curriculum planning	
	 Formulating philosophy and objectives. 	
	 Selecting learning experiences and clinical components of nursing education. 	
	 Evaluation of curriculum. 	
UNIT II	TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS	5 hrs.
UNIT III	- Meaning of education, aims, functions and	2
	intering of carearon, anno, fanctions and	

- Principles and maxims of teaching
- Formulating objectives
- Lesson planning
- Nature and characteristics of learning
- UNIT IV

METHODS OF TEACHING

Definition, Purposes, Advantages, Disadvantages, Steps, Procedures, Evaluation of – 10 hrs.

- Lecture
- Discussion
- Demonstration
- Group Discussion
- Project
- Role Play
- Panel discussion
- Symposium
- Seminar
- Field Trip
- Workshop
- Exhibition
- Programmed instructions
- Computer assisted learning
- Clinical teaching methods
- Case methods
- Case presentation
- Nursing rounds & Reports
- bedside clinics
- Conference (Individual & group)
- Recording of interaction process

UNIT V EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

- Educational Media
- The communication process, factors affecting communication
- Purposes and types of audio visual aids
- Graphic aids
- Chalk board, Charts, Graphs, Posters, Flash cards, flannel graph/Khadigraph, Bulletin, cartoon
- Three demonstrational aid, objects, specimen, models, Puppets
 - Printed aids slides, films and televisions, VCR, VCP
 - Overhead projector camera, microscope
 - Audio aids,- Tape recorder, public address system
 - system computer

UNIT VI METHODS OF ASSESSMENT

- Purpose and scope of Evaluation & assessment

- Criteria for selection of assessment techniques & methods
- Blue Prints
 - Assessment of knowledge, essay type questions, SAQ(Short
 - Answer Question), LAQ (Long Answer Question), MCQ (Multiple Choice Question)
 - Assessment of skills :
 - Observation, checklist, practical examination, Viva,

5 hrs.

10 hrs.

	Objective structured clinical examination. - Assessment of attitudes - Setting of question paper - Scoring of Answer paper - Reforms in nursing Educational system	
UNIT VII	MANAGEMENT OF SCHOOL OF NURSING	8 hrs
	 Planning and organizing of school of Nursing Recruitment of teaching staff 	
	- Budget facilities for the school	
	- Students selection and admission procedure	
	- Administrative planning for students	
	- Welfare service for students	
	- Maintainance of school Records	
	- Preparation of annual reports	
	- INC guidelines for school of nursing	
UNIT VIII	GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING	5 hrs
	- Definition and basic principles	5 113
	- Organization of guidance & counseling	
	- Counseling process	
	 Managing disciplinary problems 	
13	- Management of crisis	
	 IN SERVICE EDUCATION Introduction to nature and scope of in-service education programmes Principles of adult learning Planning for in-service programme Techniques and methods of staff education programme Evaluation of in-service programme 	5 hrs
PRACTICI		
I. P	ractice Teaching : 5 Theory Teaching : 3	
	Clinical Teaching : 2	
2. Vi	isits to Nursing colleges and schools	
	prepare different types of teaching Aids.	
	prepare rotation plans	
5. St	udy various Nursing Programme syllabus	
6. To	plan, organize and conduct 'one' service education programm	ne
<u>CLINICAL</u>	EXPERIENCES	Total Hours. : 75 hrs
	Practice Teaching (Theory + Practical)	hours 20
-	Prepare Teaching Aids	hours 10
2 4	Attending peer group Teaching	hours 05
-	Preparing rotation plan	hours 05
-	Study various Nursing Programme	hours 10

hours 05 hours 20

- Plan inservice education Programme
 Visiting Nursing Schools and Colleges

Paper	Subject Introduction to Nursing Education	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
13.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	15 Marks
Clinical Assignment:	10 Marks
Total:	25 Marks

Details as follows:

Internal Assessment (Theory):15 Marks(Out of 15 Marks to be send to the University)Mid-Term:50 MarksPrelim:75 MarksTotal:125 Mark(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks)

Clinical Assignment:	10 Marks
Practice Teaching (100 Marks Each)
Theory – 2:	200 Marks
Clinical – 1:	100 Marks
Total:	300 Marks
(300 Marks from C	linical Assignment to be converted into 10 Marks)

External Assessment (Theory): 75 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES

- Bevis oliva Em, Curriculum Building In Nursing A Process, 3rd ed; St. Louis; C.V.Mosby Co. 1982
- 2. Basavanthappa B.T. Nursing education, 1st ed. New Delhi : Jaypee Brothers, 2003
- Bhatia, Kamala & Bhatia B. The Principles and methods of teaching. New Delhi, Seema offset, 1977
- Heidgerken Loretta, Teaching and learning in Schools of Nursing Principles and Methods, 5thed New Delhi: J.B. Lippincott, 2003
- 5. Hinchiff Sue, The Practitioner As a teacher 2nd ed. Harcourt Brace & Company Ltd. 1999
- Indian Nursing council guide for School of Nursing in India, Revised 2nd ed. New Delhi 2001
- 7. Syllaby of various Nursing courses.

INTRODUCTION TO NURSING SERVICE ADMINIATRATION

Placement : IInd Year

Time Allotted : Theory : 60 hours Practical : 180 hours

COURSE DESCRIPTION :

This course is designated to give an opportunity to the students to gain an understanding of the principles of administration and its application to nursing service. It is also intended to assist the students to develop an understanding of the need for professional leadership.

<u>OBJECTIVES</u> : At the end of the course , the student will enable the students to:-

- 1 Identify the Principles of administration.
- 2 Describe the Principles and techniques of supervision.
- 3 Explain the Principles and Methods of personnel management.
- 4 Explain the principles of Budgeting.
- 5 Organize and manage a Nursing Unit effectively.
- 6 Identify dynamics of Organizational behavior, styles and functions of effective leadership.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I PRINCIPLE AND PRACTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

- Significance, elements and Principles of Administration.

- Planning
- Organization
- Staffing
- Directing
- Controlling
- Coordinating
- Reporting
- Budgeting
- Administration and Organization of Hospital.
 - Definition, Aims, Functions & roles of the hospital
 - Classifications of Hospitals Health Team
 - Ethical and legal aspects of hospital administration
 - Policies of Hospital, different departments with special emphasis to the department of nursing office management
 - Nursing management
 - Responsibilities of nursing personnel, specially of ward sister,
 - Medico –legal aspects
 - Concept of cost effectiveness

UNIT II NURSING UNIT MANAGEMENT

- Physical Lay out of a Nursing Unit
 - Necessary facilities
 - Factors affecting the quality of nursing care
 - Maintenance of a therapeutic environment
 - Administration of the nursing unit
 - Management of patient care
 - Maintenance of the Physical environment

10 hrs.

10 hrs.

- Delivery of patient care
- Assignment of duties and time plan
- Patient assignment
- Discharge Planning
- Safety measures, prevention of accidents and infections
- Maintenance of patients records and reports, legal responsibilities
- Maintenance of quality nursing care
- Nursing audit

UNIT III PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Significance of Personnel management Staff recruitment and selection process appointment, promotions, transfers, remunerations, retraining, terminating

- personnel policies
- Job specifications
- Job description
- Job Analysis
- Staffing the unit
- Staffing Philosophy
- Staffing norms
- Staffing Modules
- Patient Classification System
- Rotation plan
- Leave planning
- Performance appraisal
 - Purposes of performance appraisal
 - Developing and using standards
 - Training
 - Feedback
- Career Counseling
- Staff welfare activities
- Management of Disciplinary problems
- Human resource development
- Health team approach
- Collective Bargaining, Conflicts and its solutions.

UNIT IV SUPERVISION

- Definition, nature, need Philosophy and objectives of supervision

- Principles of supervision
- Tools and techniques of supervision
- Staff Development
 - Orientation program
 - In service education
 - Continuing Education
- Skill training
 - Assertiveness Training for assertiveness
 - Public speaking skills
- Leadership development
- Problem solving process
- Evaluation
- Nursing audit

10 hrs.

9 hrs.

UNIT V MATERIAL MANAGEMENT

- Material management concept, need
 - Principles of Material management
 - Quality control
 - Inventory

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- Care of equipments Stock keeping
- Role of Nursing personnel in Material management

UNIT VI FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- Budgeting Nature and purposes of Budgeting
 - Types of Budget
 - Principles of Budgeting
 - Financial Audits

UNIT VII ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

- Organizational behavior
 - Group dynamics
 - Human relations
 - Morale Building
 - Organization Communication
 - Hospital Information system
 - Public relations in Hospitals
 - Leadership –Concepts, Manager behavior, Leader behavior Leadership defined, Leadership Theories Behavioral, Situational
 - Leadership styles and functions,
 - Transformational leadership
 - Qualities of a leader
 - Methods of reporting
 - Maintaining records and reports

PRACTICUM

- Observe the functioning of Nursing administration at various levels i.e., Institutions, departments and units.
- Each student will practice ward management under supervision
- Student will prepare rotation plan of the staff duties, write reports, give verbal reports of the ward and assist in the maintaining the inventory of the nursing unit
- Develop an Assessment tool for performance appraisal
- Visit Private and Government Hospital and write observation reports
- Student will present one seminar during administration experience.

Note : visits for Nursing administration and Nursing Education may be planned together.

CLINICAL EXPERIENCES

Ward Management hours 90
 ICU Management hours 30
 OPD / Departments hours 30
 Visits to hospitals and other agencies (ie. Govt, Pvt or corporation and any other)

3 hrs.

9 hrs.

9 hrs.

Total Hours. : 180 hrs

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject Introduction to Nursing Service Administration	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
14.	Theory	3	25	75	100

Internal Assessment:

Theory:	15 Marks
Clinical Assignment:	10 Marks
Total:	25 Marks

Details as follows:		
Internal Assessment (Th	neory):	15 Marks
(Out of 15 Marks to be se	end to the	University)
Mid-Term:	50 N	larks
Prelim:	75 N	1arks
Total:	125 N	Mark
(125 Marks from mid town & no	lim (That	mu) to he com

(125 Marks from mid-term & prelim (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks)

Clinical Assignment: 10 Marks Practicum: Posting of ward management: 100 Marks (100 Marks from Clinical Assignment to be converted into 10 Marks)

External Assessment (Theory): 75 Marks (University Examination)

REFERENCES

- 1. B. T. Basvanthappa : Nursing Administration Edition Ist 2000 -
- 2. Jean Barret : i) Head Nurse 1975

ii) Ward Management and Teaching

- 3. Goal : Hospital Administration
- 4. Koontz : Principles of Management IV th Edition 1968
- 5. Ann Marriner : Guide to Nursing Management
- 6. Keith Davis : Human relations at work the Dynamics of organizational behaviors 1967

INTRODUCTION TO NURSING RESEARCH STATISTICS

Placement : II nd Year

Time Allotted Theory : 45 hrs. Practical : 120 hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to assist the student to develop an understanding of the basic concepts principles of research and scientific inquiry including the identification of problem and steps in research methodology. This course also introduces the basic concepts, and principles of Statistical methods, the use of computers in conducting research project in groups and use the finding in nursing practice.

OBJECTIVES: At the end of course student will

- 1) Define the terms and concepts of nursing research.
- 2) Identify needs and scope of nursing research.
- 3) Be able to define research problems.
- 4) Locate and list sources of literature review including operational definition and conceptual framework.
- 5) Describe different approaches and research designs in nursing research.
- 6) Describe sample and sampling technique with special reference to survey method.
- 7) Develop tool for data collection.
- 8) Able to conduct pilot study to confirm reliability and validity of tool before data collection.
- 9) To enumerate steps of data analysis and present data summary in tabular form.
- 10) Use descriptive and co-relational statistics in data analysis.
- 11) Conduct group project and write report.
- 12) Use computer for research project.

COURSE CONTENT

SECTION : A INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

- Research definition
- Method of acquiring knowledge
- Problem solving and scientific method
- Research characteristics, purpose, scope
- Steps in Research methodology.

UNIT II RESEARCH AND NURSING

- Development of research in nursing
- Purpose, scope and need of nursing research
- Areas of nursing research i.e. practice, service, administration and education, health and social research
- Ethics in research

UNIT III RESEARCH DESIGN

- Overview of research process
- Statement of the problem and research objectives
- Definitions of terms variables, assumptions, operational definition, limitation, delimitation, hypothesis-definitions, formulation and types

2 hrs.

3 hrs.

4 hrs.

UNIT IV REVIEW OF LITERATURE - Search for library resources - Criteria for selection of resources

- Practical application of review of literature

UNIT V RESEARCH APPROACHES (CLASSIFICATION & TYPES)

- Non experimental
- Survey characteristics, types, advantages and disadvantages
- · Historical sources of data, characteristics, advantages and disadvantages
- Experimental characteristics, types, advantages and disadvantages

UNIT VI SAMPLE & SAMPLING TECHNIQUE

- Definition of population and sample
- Sampling and randomness; kinds and size of samples
- Probability and non probability sample

UNIT VII METHODS OF COLLETING DATA

- Preparation of tools
- Types of instruments for data collection
 - a) Questionnaire : Opinionnaire, Interview schedule
 - b) Observation : records, observation checklist, rating scales.
 - Machineries, video tapes, films, closed circuit T.V. etc.
 - c) Measurements : Physiological measurement, Physical, Chemical, Microbiological etc., Psychological measurement Psychomotor skill test, personality test, Intelligence test, Sociological test, Socio economic standard scale, Sociometry, Health status measurement
- Characteristics of good research tool
- Testing reliability and validity of tool

UNIT VIII IMPLEMENTING RESEARCH PLAN

Data collection procedure and conditions for administration of tool

UNIT IX	DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETING		
	- Types of data, data organization, tabulation, analysis and summarization		

- Structure of statistical methods : interpretation and presentation of data

UNIT X COMMUNICATION OF RESEARCH FINDING

- Writing research report composition, organization and format
- Application of results; critical analysis of research report and public

2 hrs.

4 hrs.

2 hrs.

7 hrs.

2 hrs.

2 hrs.

SECTION : B INTRODUCTION TO STATISTIC

UNIT XI DESCRIPTIVE STATISTIC

- Frequency distribution types of measure frequencies, class, interval, graphic methods of describing frequency
- Measures of central tendency Mode, Median and Mean
- Measures of variability : range, Standard deviation
- Introduction to normal probability
- Correlation
- Computation by rank difference methods
- Uses of correlation co-efficient

UNIT XII BIOSTATISTIC

Crude rates and standardized rates, ratio and estimation of the trends.

UNIT XIII INTRODUCTION TO COMUTERS IN NURSING

- Basics of hardware and software
- Windows application Word, Excel and Power Point
- Introduction to Database

Five hours of computer training may be given to students to impart computer literacy and knowledge in basic computer operation.

PRACTICUM

- Selecting and conducting small group research project (The number of students in a group can be decided depending on the availability of Nursing faculty and interest of the students)
- Group studies may include, studying existing health problem and practices, Nursing procedures, Health records, patients records and survey of Nursing literature.

EVALUATION:

Paper	Subject ** Introduction to Nursing Research Statistics	Duration	Internal Assessment	External Assessment	Total Marks
15.	**Theory	2	50 College level qualifying exam, minimum passing Marks 50%		050
6.	**Research Project			0 ualifying exam,	050

Note: ****** College level qualifying exam to appear in University Examination, minimum passing Marks 50%. (Not University Examination)

Internal Assessment:100 Marks(Out of 100 Marks to be send to the University)Theory - Mid-Term:25 MarksTheory - Prelim:25 MarksPractical - Research Project:50 Mark

2 hrs.

5 hrs.

Total Hrs. 120

REFERENCES

- Polit, D.F. and Hungler B.P. Nursing Research, Principles and Methods (6th ed) Lippin Cott. Philadelphia, 1999.
- Best, J.W. and Kahn, V.J. Research in Education (7th ed) Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001.
- Smith, P. Research Mindedness for Practice. An interactive approach for Nursing and Health Care, Churchill Livingstone, New York, 1997.
- Brink P.J. & Wood, M.J. Basic steps in Planning Nursing Research from Questions to Proposal (3rd ed) Jones and Barlett Publishers, Boston, 1998.
- 5. Basavanthappa, B.T. Nursing Research. Jay Pee, Mumbai.
- Singh I, Elementary Statistics for Medical Workers, 1st ed., Jaypee brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd., Delhi, April 1990.
- Polit, D.F. & Beck, C.T., Nursing Research Principles & Methods, 7th ed., Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, USA, 2004.
- Burns, N. & Grove, S.K., THe Practice of Nursing Research conduct, Critique & utilization, 2nd ed., W.B. Saunders Company, USA, 1993.
- 9. Treece E. W. & Treece J. W. : Elements of Research in Nursing St. Louis 1986



SYLLABUS

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	 Communication What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? 	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	 Checking for understanding through tasks

Π	5 (T)	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	 Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions 	 Through _check your understanding' exercises
				•	•

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
ш	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	 Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation 	 Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	 Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/ doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
v	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions 	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis 	 Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answer orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar 	Grammar activities	reading and interpretation • Notes/Reports
VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	 Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports 	 Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

Books Recommended

1. Living English Grammar & Composition Tickoo M.L. & Subramanian A.E, Oriental Longman, New Delhi.

2. English for practical purposes Valke, Thorat Patil & Merchant, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi.

3. Enriching your competence in English, by Thorat, Valke, Orient Publication, Pune

4. English Grammar & Composition Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publications-2005, Delhi.

5.Selva Rose, Carrier English for Nurses, 1st edition -1999, published by Orient Long man Pvt. Ltd. - 1997, Chennai.

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods <u>EXAMINATION SCHEME</u>

S.No.	Course/Subject Title	Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
1.	Communicative English	25	25		2	50

EVALUATION: INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Theory/ Practical Exams	Total Marks
1.	Communicative English	10	15	25

Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II	75 Marks	30		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	(95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)		2	
	Total		255		25
	ks of each component to be ro nns marks and the final IA need t 10).				

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normalstructure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)		Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body	• Lecture cum Discussion	• Quiz • MCQ
		Define the terms relative to the anatomical position	 Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, 	• Use of models	Short answer
			palmar and plantar	• Video demonstration	
		Describe the anatomical planes	 Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane) 	• Use of microscopic slides	
		Define and describe the terms used to describe movements	• Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction	• Lecture cum Discussion	
			Cell structure, Cell division	• Video/Slides	

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands	 Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands – classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage 	Anatomical Torso	
		Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	 Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing 		
п	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system	The Respiratory systemStructure of the organs of respiration	 Lecture cum Discussion Models 	Short answer Objective type
		Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	• Video/Slides	

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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video/Slides Anatomical Torso 	 Short answer Objective type
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and Lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels – Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models Video/Slides 	Short answer MCQ
v	4 (T)	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	 The Endocrine system Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands 	 Lecture Models/charts 	Short answer Objective type
VI	4 (Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/ models/charts 	Short answerMCQ

VII	10 (T)	Describe anatomical position and structure of bones and joints	The Musculoskeletal system: The Skeletal system	 Review – discussion Lecture 	Short answerObjective type
		Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton	 Anatomical positions Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification 	 Discussions Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso 	
		Classify the joints	 Axial and appendicular skeleton 	 Identifying muscles involved in nursing 	
		Identify the application and implications in nursing	 Joints – classification, major joints and structure 	procedures in lab	
		Describe the structure of muscle	Application and implications in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal system Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models/charts 	MCQ Short answer

IX	5 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast 	LectureModels/charts	MCQ Short answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	MCQ Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

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1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness' 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.

2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.

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8. Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., Appleton and Lange.

9. Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9 th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd

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APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay Short answer
п	4 (T)	Describe biology of human behaviour	 Biological basis of behavior –Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answer

ш	5 (T)	Describe mentally healthy person and defense mechanisms	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping Dealing with ego 	 Lecture Case discussion Role play 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
IV	7 (T)	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Physical, psychosocial and cognitive development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of 	 Lecture Group discussion 	• Essay • Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 children Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable groups 		
v	4 (T)	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay and short answer Objective type

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VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	 Cognitive process Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes 	• Lecture • Discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	 Motivation and emotional processes Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping 	 Lecture Group discussion 	 Essay and short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 		

vш	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	 Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Short answer Assessment of practice
IX	10 (T)	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 	 Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	Essay and short answer
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	Lecture Discussion	 Short answer Objective type

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- 3. Jacob Anthikad, Psychology for Graduate Nurses, 3 edition, Jaypee, 2004.
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Ltd,9th ed. 2005

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Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off IA		
1.	Class Test I	Class Test I 50 m					
2.	Class Test II		75 Marks	30			
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10			
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual 2 50 presentation		50	12	Out of 10		
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6			
6	Attendance	2					
	ks of each component to be ro nns marks and the final IA need t 10).		respective				

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum Discussion Video demonstrations 	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
П	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration	Respiratory systemFunctions of respiratory organsPhysiology of respiration	LectureVideo slides	EssayShort answerMCQ

		Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Pulmonary circulation - functional features Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing Respiratory changes during exercise Application and implication in nursing 		
ш	8 (T)	Describe the functions of digestive system	 Application and implication in nursing Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	• Essay • Short answer • MCQ
IV	6 (T)	Explain the functions of the	• Functions of heart, conduction system,	Lecture	Short answer
Unit		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		physiology of circulation	 cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac output Blood pressure and Pulse Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation Heart rate – regulation of heart rate Normal value and variations Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise 	 Discussion Video/Slides 	• MCQ

and posture	
• Application and implication in nursing	

v	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics	• Discussion	Short answer
			 Formation of blood cells 	• Videos	• MCQ
		1. 6.64	Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC - types, functions		
			 Platelets – Function and production of platelets 		
			Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			 Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation 		
			Blood groups and types		
			 Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity 		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. 	 Explain using charts 	• MCQ
			Other hormones		
			Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	Lecture	Short answer
		structure of various sensory	Functions of skin	• Video	• MCQ
		organs	 Vision, hearing, taste and smell 		
			 Errors of refraction, aging changes 		
			 Application and implications in nursing 		
vш	6 (T)	Describe the functions of	Musculoskeletal system	• Lecture	Structured essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
Unit	(Hrs)	-	Content			

various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	 Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing 	 Discussion Video presentation 	 Short answer MCQ
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IX	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of renal system	 Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Charts and models 	Short answerMCQ
X	4 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 Female reproductive system Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care 	 Lecture Explain using charts, models, specimens 	 Short answer MCQ

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			• Reflexes		
			CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier		
			 Application and implication in nursing 	Distance in	

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

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1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness" 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.

2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.

3. Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.

4. Singh, I. B. (2005), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses", 1st ed., Jaypee.

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APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociologyand its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer
п	15 (T)	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse 	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay Short answer Objective type

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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. 		
			 Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities 		
		for the second s	Importance of social structure in nursing profession		
ш	8 (T)	its impact on health	Culture	• Lecture	• Essay
		and disease	 Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture 	Panel discussion	Short answe
			Difference between culture and civilization		
			Culture and socialization		
			Transcultural society		
		7	 Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	1	
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and	Family and Marriage	• Lecture	• Essay
		legislation related to marriage	 Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family 		Short answe Case
			 Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage 		study report
			Legislation on Indian marriage and family.		
		2	Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices		
v	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and	Social stratification	• Lecture	• Essay
		classes in society and its influence on	 Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification 	 Panel discussion 	Short answerObjective
			 Function of stratification 		type
			 Indian caste system – origin and characteristics Desitive and exection 		
			Positive and negative impact of caste in society.Class system and status		
			 Social mobility-meaning and types 		
			Race - concept, criteria of racial classification		
			 Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 		
VI		organization	Social organization and disorganization	• Lecture	• Essay
		disorganization, social problems and	 Social organization - meaning, elements and types 	Group discussion	Short answe
		1 6 1	• Voluntary associations	Observational	 Objective type
		problems	Social system - definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system.	visit	• Visit report
			Interrelationship of institutions		
			Social control - meaning, aims and process of social control		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programs in India 		
VII	5 (T)	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention 	 Lecture, Group discussion Role play 	Essay Short answer

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NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required toprovide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. (Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teahing/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	concept of health and illness	Introduction to health and illness	Lecture	Essay Short answer Objective type
			Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO), Dimensions	Discussion	
			MasloTeaw's hierarchy of needs	1	
			Health – Illness continuum		
			Factors influencing health		
			Causes and risk factors for developing		
			Illness – Types, illness behavior		
			Impact of illness on patient and family		

	п	5 (T)	Describe the levels of illness	Health Care Delivery Systems -	• Lecture	• Essay
			prevention and care health care services		• Discussion	Short answer
				 Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and 		Objective type
				 Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities 		
				 Hospitals – Types, Organization and Functions Health care teams in hospitals – members 		
			9-	and their role		
	ш	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing	profession	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answers
			Explain the concept, nature and scope of nursing	History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India	Case discussion	• Objective type
				 Contributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing – Definition – Nurse, 	 Role plays 	
			Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel		
				 Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession 		
				 Values – Introduction – meaning and importance 		
				 Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction 		
	IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship	Lecture Discussion	• Essay
			communication	 Communication – Levels, Elements 	Role play and video film on Therapeutic	 Short answer Objective type
			Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication	 Methods of effective communication/therapeu tic communication techniques 	Communication	
			Communicate effectively with	 Barriers to effective communication/non- therapeutic communication techniques 		
			patients, their families and team	 Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Polationship) Rumanus 		
				Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases		
				Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members		-
L				 Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable 		

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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI	15 (T) 20 (SL)	Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and	Vital signs	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	• Essay
			Guidelines for taking vital signs		Short answer
		maintaining vital	Body temperature –		Objective
		signs	 Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature 		type • Document the given values of temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic sheet • OSCE
			 Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique 		
			 Temperature alterations – Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia 		
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		
		• Assess and record vital signs accurately	Nursing Management		
			 Hot and Cold applications 		
			• Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
			 Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique 		
			 Alterations in pulse 		
			Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			 Assessment of respirations – technique 		
			 Arterial Oxygen saturation 		
			• Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			 Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment 		
			 Alterations in Blood Pressure 		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	and linen	Equipment and Linen		
			 Types – Disposables and reusable 		
			 Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 		
			 Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Unit VIII	10 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection • Nature of infection • Chain of infection • Types of infection • Stages of infection • Factors increasing susceptibility to infection • Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response • Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis Precautions • Hand Hygiene • (Hand washing and use of hand Rub) • Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) • Standard precautions Biomedical Waste management • Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction	 Activities Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Video presentation on medical & surgical asepsis 	 Methods Essay Short answa Objective type
IX	15 (T) 15 (SL)		 Comfort, Rest & Steep and Pain Comfort Factors Influencing Comfort Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Sleep Disorders Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales Pharmacological and Non-pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	 Essay Short answe Objective type OSCE

	devices, PCA • Invasive techniques of pain management • Any other newer measures • CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities)		
(T) Describe the SL) Describe the concept of patient environment	 Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices – Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid stippers etc. 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	Essay Short answer Objective type

XI	6 (T) 2 (SL)	Explain and perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	 Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
XII	8 (T) 10 (SL)	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and Immobility • Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & 	EssayShort answerObjective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)		 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting 		Methods type • OSCE
			 Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 		
XIII	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education	 Patient education Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching 	DiscussionRole plays	 Essay Short answe Objective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	emergencies	 First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures. 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

*Mandatory Module

XI	6 (T) 2 (SL)	Explain and perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	 Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
XII	8 (T) 10 (SL)	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Mobility and Immobility Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & 	EssayShort answerObjective

CLINICAL POSTINGS - General Medical/Surgical Wards

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	 Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report 		• OSCE
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs Care for patients with altered vital signs Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical settings Hand hygiene Use of PPE 	 Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1 	
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep • Bed making- • Open • Closed • Occupied • Post-operative		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

10 weeks × 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving 	 Individual teaching-1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklis OSCE
2		AdmissionTransferPlanned Discharge		
	Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document:		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklis OSCE
	Provide safe and clean environment	 Fracture bed Comfort devices Pillows Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Bed Cradle Therapeutic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy Knee chest Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment 	• Fall risk assessment-1	

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
	1	Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) Patient education 		
			First aid and Emergencies • Bandaging Techniques • Basic Bandages: • Circular • Spiral • Reverse-Spiral • Recurrent • Figure of Eight • Special Bandages: • Caplin • Eye/Ear Bandage • Jaw Bandage • Jaw Bandage • Shoulder Spica • Thumb spica • Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs) • Binders	Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed during lab)	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE (first aid competencies)

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NURSING FOUNDATION - II

(Including Health Assessment Module)

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 3 Credits (120 hours), Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

 Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings

2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursingprocess approach in supervised clinical settings

3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision

- 4. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 7. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 8. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology

9. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication

10. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements

11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness

12. Explain loss, death and grief

13. Describe sexual development and sexuality

- Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 15. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

Health Assessment Module: 40 hours

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice	Health Assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment oHealth history Physical examination: Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessment findings	 Modular Learning *Health Assessment Module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE
Π	13 (T) 8 (SL)	Describe assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process	 The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical Practice 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Evaluation of care plan

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		approach	oAssessment		
			 Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods 		
			Organizing Data		
			Validating Data		2.000
			Documenting Data		
			o Nursing Diagnosis		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
			 Identification of client problems, risks and strengths 		
			 Nursing diagnosis statement – parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis 		
	16.5	1	NANDA approved diagnoses	10000	
			Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis		
			o Planning		
			Types of planning		
			Establishing Priorities		1.
			 Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements 		
			Types of Nursing Interventions, Selecting interventions: Protocols and Standing Orders		
			 Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification 		
			Guidelines for writing care plan	121223	
			• Implementation		
			 Process of Implementing the plan of care 		
			Types of care – Direct and Indirect		
			 Evaluation 		
			 Evaluation Process, Documentation and Reporting 		Sec.
III	5 (T)	Identify and meet the Nutritional	Nutritional needs	Lecture	• Essay
	5 (SL)	needs of patients	Importance	• Discussion	Short answer
			Factors affecting nutritional needs	Demonstration	Objective typ
			Assessment of nutritional status	Exercise	Evaluation of
			• Review: special diets - Solid, Liquid, Soft	Supervised Clinical practice	nutritional assessment & diet planning
			<i>Review</i> on therapeutic diets		orer promining
			Care of patient with Dysphagia,		I. C. Barthan

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition) 		
IV	5 (T) 15 (SL)	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention Perineal care/Meatal care Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective typ OSCE
v	10 (T) 10 (SL)	Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient	 Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed pan Care of patients with Condom drainage Intermittent Catheterization Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage Urinary diversions Bladder irrigation 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective typ OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel Elimination: Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures Enemas Suppository Bowel wash Digital Evacuation of impacted feces Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures) 		
VI	3 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	 Diagnostic testing Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective typ
VII	11 (T) 10 (SL)	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting Airway Movement of air	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			• Diffusion		
			 Oxygen transport 		
			Alterations in oxygenation		
			Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure		
			• Maintenance of patent airway		a da Salas a
			 Oxygen administration 		
			 Suctioning – oral, tracheal 		
			 Chest physiotherapy – Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage 		
			 Care of Chest drainage – principles & purposes 		
			 Pulse Oximetry – Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation 		
			Restorative & continuing care		
			 Hydration 		
			• Humidification		
			 Coughing techniques 		
			 Breathing exercises 		
			 Incentive spirometry 		
VIII	5 (T) 10 (SL)	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	 Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answerObjective type
			BalancesFactors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte		 Problem solving –
			and Acid-Base Balances		calculations
			Disturbances in fluid volume:		
			o Deficit		
			Hypovolemia		
			Dehydration		and the second
			o Excess		
			Fluid overload		
			Edema		
			- Lucina		
			Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper)		
			Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and		
			Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper)		
			 Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Peripheral venipuncture sites 		
			Types of IV fluids		
			 Calculation for making IV fluid plan 		
			Complications of IV fluid therapy		122
			 Measuring fluid intake and output 		
			 Administering Blood and Blood components 		
			 Restricting fluid intake 		
			 Enhancing Fluid intake 		
IX	20 (T)	Explain the	Administration of Medications	Lecture	Essay
	22 (SL)	principles, routes, effects of administration of medications	 Introduction – Definition of Medication, Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics 	 Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	Short answerObjective typeOSCE
		Calculate conversions of			
		drugs and dosages	Factors influencing Medication Action		10.00
		within and between systems of	Medication orders and Prescriptions		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
		measurements	Systems of measurement		
			Medication dose calculation		
		Administer oral and topical medication	Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration		
		and document accurately under	Errors in Medication administration		
		supervision	Routes of administration		
			Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility		
			• Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders		
			Developmental considerations		
			 Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure 		
			 Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs – Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. 		
			 Equipment – Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types, sizes 		
	Pi	 Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules 			
			oCare of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(HIS)		 infusion sets oPrevention of Needle-Stick Injuries Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure Application to skin & mucous membrane Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal Spraying: Nose and throat Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) – purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and reporting of medications administered Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intranserieten edi intra 	Activities	Methods
x	5 (T) 6 (SL)	Provide care to patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness in supervised clinical practice	 intraperitoneal, intra-pleural, intra- arterial Sensory needs Introduction Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception & Reaction Arousal Mechanism Factors affecting sensory function Assessment of Sensory alterations – sensory deficit, deprivation, overload & sensory poverty Management oPromoting meaningful communication (patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) Care of Unconscious Patients Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness, complications 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective typ

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XI	4 (T) 6 (SL)	Explain loss, death and grief	 Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Loss – Types Grief, Bereavement & Mourning Types of Grief responses Manifestations of Grief Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses Theories of Grief & Loss – Kubler Ross 5 Stages of Dying The R Process model (Rando's) Death – Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) Signs of Impending Death Dying patient's Bill of Rights Care of Dying Patient Physiological changes occurring after Death Death Declaration, Certification Autopsy Embalming Last office/Death Care Counseling & supporting grieving relatives Placing body in the Mortuary Overview – Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia 	 Lecture Discussion Case discussions Death care/last office 	 Essay Short answer Objective typ
XII	3 (T)	Develop basic understanding of self-concept	 PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D) A. Self-concept Introduction Components (Personal Identity, Body Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem) Factors affecting Self Concept Nursing Management 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion/ Role play 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
XIII	2 (T)	Describe sexual development and sexuality	 B. Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior 		
XIV	2 (T) 4 (SL)	Describe stress and adaptation	 C. Stress and Adaptation – Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress – Physical & psychological Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment Recreational and diversion therapies 	Lecture Discussion	 Essay Short answe Objective type
XV	6 (T)	Explain culture and cultural norms Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision	 D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality Cultural diversity Cultural Concepts – Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
XVI	6 (T)	Explain the significance of nursing theories	 Nursing Theories: Introduction Meaning &Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale, Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answer Objective type

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACT ICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 2. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 3. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 4. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 7. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 8. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 9. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 10. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness

11. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

SKILL LAB

Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Health Assessment	Standardized Patient
2.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
3.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
4.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
5.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
6.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
7.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
8.	Oxygen administration – face mask, venture mask, nasal prongs	Mannequin
9.	Administration of medication through Parenteral route – IM, SC, ID, IV	IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
10.	Last Office	Mannequin

CLINICAL POSTINGS - General Medical/Surgical Wards

(16 weeks × 20 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	3	Perform health assessment of each body system	 Health Assessment Nursing/Health history taking Perform physical examination: General Body systems Use various methods of physical examination – Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations Documentation of findings 	 History Taking - 2 Physical examination - 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
	1	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 The Nursing Process Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case scenario 	 Nursing process – 1 	 Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria
	2	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs Nutritional Assessment Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed Nasogastric tube feeding Hygiene Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene Catheter care	 Nutritional Assessment and Clinical Presentation – 1 Pressure sore assessment – 1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	2	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	Elimination needs Providing Urinal Bedpan Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage Diagnostic testing	 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation – 1 Lab values – inter-pretation 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	 Specimen Collection Urine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips Urine – Glucose, Albunnin,		
	3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs Oxygen administration methods Oxygen administration methods Nasal Prongs Face Mask/Venturi Mask Steam inhalation Chest Physiotherapy Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises Oral Suctioning Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Maintaining intake output chart Identify & report complications of IV therapy Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	3	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications	Administration of Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions 		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by	 Administer Medications Oral Topical Inhalations Parenteral 		
		the following routes- Oral, Intradermal,	IntradermalSubcutaneous		

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation	 Intramuscular Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose –instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations 		
	2	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness Care for terminally ill	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients • Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale Terminally ill, death and dying	 Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		and dying patients	Death Care		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist

HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours) PRACTICAL/LAB: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliverefficient informatics-led health care services.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice.
- Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research.
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing efficient healthcare.
- Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data.
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting.
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion.
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of Nursing Information System (NIS) system in nursing.
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care.
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice.
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care.
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

See

T - Theory, P/L - Lab

Unit	Tin (H	me rs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P/L				
Ι	10	15	Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	 (T) Short answer Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments
			Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system 	Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	 (P) Assessment of skills using checklist
П	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	 Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessment of report
Ш	3		Demonstrate the use	Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system 	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
IV	4		electronic health records in nursing practice	 <u>Shared Care & Electronic</u> <u>Health Records</u> Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 	 Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type (P) Assessment of skills using checklist

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APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

AND.

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

T - Theory, L/	E – Lab/Experiential Lea	rning
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Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	
	Т	P			Activities	Methods
I	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction: • Importance and relevance to nursing • Historical perspective • Concepts and terminology • Principles of microbiology	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer Objective type
П	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
ш	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	 Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative: Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & Vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of	Immunity		Short answerObjective

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning Content		Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	 Immunity: Types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule 	 Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	type • Visit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL/LAB: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning - L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES: The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses 'role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, L/E - Lab/Experiential Learning

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	-
	Τ	Р	P Outcomes	Activities	Methods	
I	2	2 (E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator 	 Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning 	 Knowledge assessment MCQ Short answer

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment Methods
	T	Р	- Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			Setting	Associated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee		
п	3	4 (L)	Demonstrate appropriate use of different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	 Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention - CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE 	 Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	 Performance assessment OSCE
ш	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	 Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	Performance assessment
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	 Disinfection and sterilization Definitions Types of disinfection and sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle 	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning through visit 	 Short answer Objective type
v	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	 Knowledge evaluation Quiz Performance assessment Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance

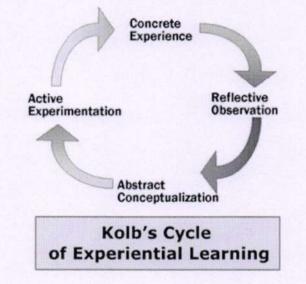
Unit	Tir	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment Methods
	Т	Р	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
				 Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation 	visit	Assessment
VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/ MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti-Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	 Lecture Discussion Written assignment –Recent AMR (Antimicrobial resistance) guidelines 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of assignment
VIII	3	5 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of HAI Documentation 		 Knowledge assessment Performance assessment Checklist/OSCI
			Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality improvement	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA (Root Cause Analysis) CAPA (Corrective and Preventive Action) Report writing 	• Lecture	 Knowledge assessment Short answer

Unit	Tin	me (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	Τ	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
					 Role play Inquiry Based Learning 	Objective type
IX	1		Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	• Lecture • Role play	Objective type
X	2	3 (L/E)	various safety protocols and its applications	 Safety protocol 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain) Radiation safety Laser safety Fire safety Types and classification of fire Fire alarms Firefighting equipment HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety Types of spill Spillage management MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) Environmental safety Risk assessment Aspect impact analysis Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster 	• Lecture • Demonstration/ Experiential learning	 Mock drills Post tests Checklist
XI	2		importance of employee safety	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination Needle stick injuries (NSI) 	LectureDiscussion	 Knowledge assessment by short answers,

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	Р	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			indicators Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	prevention • Fall prevention • Radiation safety • Annual health check Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure • Occupational health ordinance • Vaccination program for healthcare staff • Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis	 Lecture method Journal review 	objective type • Short answer

*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge iscreated through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping andtransforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As perthe need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they mayrequire a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.



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PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (Includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders
- Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for varioustests
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	5 (T)	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Special Pathology: Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems 1. Kidneys and Urinary tract • Glomerulonephritis • Pyelonephritis • Pyelonephritis • Renal calculi • Cystitis • Renal Cell Carcinoma • Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic) 2. Male genital systems • Cryptorchidism • Testicular atrophy • Prostatic hyperplasia • Carcinoma penis and Prostate. 3. Female genital system • Carcinoma of endometrium • Uterine fibroids • Vesicular mole and Choriocarcinoma • Ovarian cyst and tumors 4. Breast • Fibrocystic changes • Fibroadenoma • Carcinoma of the Breast 5. Central nervous system • Meningitis. • Encephalitis • Stroke • Tumors of CNS	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	 Short answer Objective typ
п	5 (T)	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, urine and faeces	 Clinical Pathology Examination of body cavity fluids: Methods of collection and examination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry and microbiology tests 	 Lecture Discussion Visit to clinical lab and biochemistry lab 	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Analysis of semen: Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility 		
			 Urine: Physical characteristics, Analysis, Culture and Sensitivity 		
			 Faeces: Characteristics 		
			 Stool examination: Occult blood, Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing substance etc. 		
			 Methods and collection of urine and faeces for various tests 		

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GENETICS

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	2 (T)	Explain nature, principles and perspectives of heredity	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Errors in transmission (mutation) 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides 	 Short answer Objective type
П	2 (T)	Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases • Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections • Consanguinity atopy • Prenatal nutrition and food allergies • Maternal age	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides 	 Short answer Objective type
			 Maternal drug therapy Prenatal testing and diagnosis Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 		
ш	2 (T)	Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children	Genetic testing in the neonates and children • Screening for • Congenital abnormalities • Developmental delay • Dysmorphism	LectureDiscussionExplain using slides	 Short answer Objective type

PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICSPLACEMENT:

IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and otherhealth team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients 'wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient 's rights.

T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	I 5(T)	Discuss nursing as a	PROFESSIONALISM	Lecture cum	Short answer
	profession	Profession	Discussion	• Essay	
		1.000	Definition of profession		Objective type
			Criteria of a profession		
		Describe the concepts and attributes of professionalism	Nursing as a profession		
			Professionalism		
			Definition and characteristics of professionalism		
			 Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism 		
			Challenges of professionalism		
		Identify the challenges of professionalism	 Personal identity vs professional identity 		
		Maintain respectful communication and	 Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records 	• Debate	
		relationship with other health team members, patients and society	 Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship 		
		putterns and society	pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making	• Role play	
		2	o Relationship with patients and society		
		Demonstrate professional conduct	Professional Conduct		
			 Following ethical principles 		
		Respect and maintain professional	 Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions 		
		boundaries between	Professional etiquettes and behaviours	Case based discussion	
			 Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code 		
			 Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with the patients, caregivers and team members 		
	responsibilities of regulatory bodies and professional	regulatory bodies and	Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities		
		Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council	Lecture cum Discussion		
			Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student New Association (SNA)		
			Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical		
				 Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI 	Visit reports

entres i se	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Π	5 (T)	Discuss the importance of professional values Distinguish between personal values and professional values Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice	 PROFESSIONAL VALUES Values: Definition and characteristics of values Value clarification Personal and professional values Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values Professional values in nursing Importance of professional values in nursing and health care Caring: definition, and process Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism Conscientiousness Dedication/devotion to work Respect for the person- Human dignity Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure Honesty and integrity: Truth telling Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession 	 Lecture cum Discussion Value clarification exercise Interactive learning Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based discussion 	 Short answer Essay Assessment or student's behavior with patients and families
III 1	(T) 0	bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical concerns	 ETHICS & BIOETHICS Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles Beneficence Non-maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Justice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest 	 Lecture cum discussion Group discussion with examples Flipping/ self- directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion Role modeling Group exercise on ethical decision- making following steps on a given 	 Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diat Case report Attitude test Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessmen Methods
			 Valid consent and refusal 		
			Allocation of scarce nursing resources		
			Conflicts concerning new technologies		
			Whistle-blowing		
			Beginning of life issues		
			o Abortion		
			 Substance abuse 		
			 Fetal therapy 		
			 Selective deduction 		
			 Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions 		
			 Mandated contraception 		
			 Fetal injury 		
			 Infertility treatment 		
			• End of life issues		
			◦ End of life		
			 Euthanasia 		
			o Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)		
			 Issues related to psychiatric care 		
			 Non compliance 		
			 Restrain and seclusion 		
			 Refuse to take food 		
		Explain process of ethical decision			
		making and apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in making ethical decisions			
		Explain code of ethics stipulated by ICN and INC			

Unit	Time	Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods

Discuss the rights of	Process of ethical decision making
the patients and families to make	Assess the situation (collect
decisions about health	information)
care	Identify the ethical problem
	Identify the alternative decisions
Protect and respect patients' rights	Choose the solution to the ethical decision
	Implement the decision
	Evaluate the decision
	Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities
	Clinical decision making
	• Research
	Code of Ethics
	International Council of Nurses (ICN)
	Indian Nursing Council
	Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)
	1. Right to emergency medical care
	 Right to safety and quality care according to standards
	3. Right to preserve dignity
	4. Right to nondiscrimination
	5. Right to privacy and confidentiality
	6. Right to information
	7. Right to records and reports
	8. Right to informed consent
	9. Right to second opinion
	10. Right to patient education
	11. Right to choose alternative treatment options if available
	 Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests
	 Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from perverse
	commercial influences
	 Right to take discharge of patient or receive body of deceased from hospital
	15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display
	board and a brochure 16. Right to protection for patients
	involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research
	17. Right to be heard and seek redressal



MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental healthnursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope.
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing.
- Apply the Indian Nursing Council practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings.
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment.
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders.
- Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/ therapies used.

	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	• Lecture cum Discussion	Essay Short answe

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

II 10 (T)	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) 	Discussion • Explain using Charts	Essay Short answer
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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model Interpersonal model Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation 		
ш	6 (T)	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of mental health status
IV	6 (T)	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	 Therapeutic Communication and Nurse- Patient Relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window Therapeutic impasse and its management 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Role Play Process recording Simulation (video) 	 Essay Short answer OSCE

v	10 (T)	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	 Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Nursing process Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation 		
VII	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	 Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care and 	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

VIII 8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders Prevalence and incidence classifications Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment or patient management problems
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Internet Resources -

1. Internet Gateway: Psychology http://www.lib.uiowa.edu/gw/psych/index.html

2. Psychoanalytic studies http://www.shef.ac.uk~psysc/psastud/index.html

3. Psychaitric Times http://www.mhsource.com.psychiatrictimes.html

4. Self-help Group sourcebook online http://www.cmhe.com/selfhelp

5. National Rehabilitation Information center http://www.nariic.com/naric

6. Centre for Mental Health Services http://www.samhsaa.gov/cmhs.htm

7. Knowledge Exchange Network http://www.mentalheaalth.org/

8. Communication skills http://www.personal.u-net.com/osl/m263.htm

9. Lifeskills Resource center http://www.rpeurifooy.com

10. Mental Health Net http://www.cmhe.com

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical Requirements	Assessments Methods
		 mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others 	 assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families 	 Care plan Clinical presentation – 1 Process recording – 2 Maintain drug book 	 Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 Identify patients with various mental disorders Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up Assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care 	 Case work – 1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

EDUCATIONAL

TECHNOLOGY/NURSING

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 7. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 8. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 9. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 10. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 11. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 12. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that canmeasure knowledge and competence of students
- 13. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 14. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 16. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices

COURSE OUTLINE

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Unit	1000	me	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(H T	rs.) P				
I	6	3	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies	Introduction and Theoretical Foundations: Education and educational technology Definition, aims Approaches and scope of educational technology Latest approaches to education: o Transformational education o Relationship based education o Competency based education Educational philosophy: Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy Comparison of educational philosophies Philosophy of nursing education	• Lecture cum discussion	• Quiz
			Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	 Teaching learning process: Definitions Teaching learning as a process Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning Principles of teaching and learning Barriers to teaching and learning Learning theories Latest approaches to learning Experiential learning 		

Unit Time (Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
	Т	P				
				 Reflective learning Scenario based learning Simulation based learning Blended learning 	Group exercise: • Create/discuss scenario-based exercise	Assessment of Assignment: • Learning theories – analysis of any one
П	6	6	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development	 Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner Types of learners Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Today's generation of learners and their skills and attributes Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum – definition, types 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment exercise: Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion 	 Short answer Objective typ
ш	8	15	Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management	 Curriculum design – components, approaches Curriculum development – factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab – Teaching Methods 	Individual/group exercise: • Writing learning outcomes • Preparation of a lesson plan • Lecture cum Discussion	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual/ Group • Short answer • Objective type
				 Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication 		

Unit	20	me rs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	Т	P				
			Describe different methods/strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	 Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education <i>Teaching methods</i> – <i>Features,</i> <i>advantages and disadvantages</i> Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration & re-demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions Role play, project Field trips 	 Practice teaching/Micro teaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient teaching session 	 Assessment of microteaching
			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	 Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning One-to-one instruction Active learning strategies Team based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming Inter-professional education	 Construction of game – puzzle Teaching in groups – interdisciplinary 	
IV	3	3		 Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Practice model Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies 	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
			Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording 	 Writing clinical outcomes – assignments in pairs 	 Assessment of written assignment

Unit		me rs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	Т	P				
V	5	5	Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages Develop skill in preparing and using media	Educational/Teaching Media • Media use – Purpose, components, principles and steps • Types of media Still visuals • Non projected – drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer • Projected – film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector Moving visuals • Video learning resources – videotapes & DVD, blu-ray, USB flash drive • Motion pictures/films Realia and models • Real objects & Models Audio aids/audio media • Audiotapes/Compact discs • Radio & Tape recorder • Public address system • Digital audio Electronic media/computer learning resources • Computers • Web-based videoconferencing • E-learning, Smart classroom Tape conferencing • E-learning, Smart classroom Telecommunication (Distance education) • Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones –	 Lecture cum discussion Preparation of different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions) 	 Short answer Objective typ Assessment of the teaching media prepared
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment	Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology Assessment/Evaluation Methods/Strategies • Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types • Barriers to evaluation • Guidelines to develop assessment	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Tir (Hı		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	s.) P				
			tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response) Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication – progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions	• Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	• Assessment of tool/s prepared
VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance • Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles • Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance Counseling • Difference between guidance and counseling • Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling • Counseling skills/techniques – basics • Roles of counselor	 Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessment or performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
			Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services		

Unit		me rs.)	.)	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P				
			Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	 Issues for counseling innursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance redressal cell/committee 		
VIII	4	2	Recognize the importance of value- based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in Nursing Education Ethics – Review • Definition of terms • Value based education in nursing • Value based education in nursing • Value development strategies • Ethical decision making • Ethical standards for students • Student-faculty relationship Evidence based teaching – Introduction • Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education	 Value clarification exercise Case study analysis (student encountered scenarios) and suggest ethical decision-making steps Lecture cum discussion 	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis Quiz – MCQ

ш	III 7 (T)	Identify members of forensic team and describe role of forensic nurse	 Forensic Team Members and their roles 	• Lecture cum Discussion	Objective typeShort answer
	or torensie marse	Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family			
			Physical aspects	 Hypothetical/real 	
		Psychosocial aspects	case presentation		
			 Cultural and spiritual aspects 		
			• Legal aspects		
			 Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice 		
			 Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence 	Observation of post- mortem	
			 Responsibilities of nurse as a witness 		
		Evidence preservation – role of nurses			
			Observation	Visit to department	
			Recognition	of forensic medicine	Write report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	3 (T)	Describe fundamental rights and human rights	Collection Preservation Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination Introduction of Indian Constitution Fundamental Rights	• Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		commission	Rights of victimRights of accused	• Written Assignment	 Assessment of written assignment
			Human Rights Commission	Visit to prison	• Write visit report
v	5 (T)	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law-making powers	Lecture cum discussion	• Quiz
			 Overview of Indian Judicial System JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class) District State Apex 	• Guided reading	Short answer
			Civil and Criminal Case Procedures • IPC (Indian Penal Code) • ICPC • IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)	Lecture cum discussion	
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child-care.
- Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy2017.
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents.
- 4. Participate in national immunization programs/Universal Immunization Program (UIP).
- 5. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance.
- 6. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures.
- Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risknewborn including neonatal resuscitation.
- Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI).
- Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with respiratory system disorders.
- 10. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

lime Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
0 (L)	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy and modern concept of child-care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health Preventive pediatrics: Concept Immunization Immunization programs and cold 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			chain.		
			 Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics/Well-baby clinics 		
			 Preventive measures towards accidents 		
			Child morbidity and mortality rates		
		List major causes of death during infancy,	Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness		
		early & late childhood	o Physiological		1.2.2.2.1
		Differential	o Psychological		
		Differentiate between an adult and child in	o Social	13 E. (The P. 19 May	
		terms of illness and	o Immunological	P-12-12-12	
		response	Hospital environment for sick child		
		Describe the major	Impact of hospitalization on the child and family		
		functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a	Communication techniques for children		
		hospitalized child.	Grief and bereavement		
		Describe the principles	• The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child		
		of child health nursing and perform child	 Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. 		
		health nursing procedures	Child Health Nursing procedures:		
			 Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V 		
			Calculation of fluid requirement		
			Application of restraints		
	13		Assessment of pain in children.		
	1		 FACES pain rating scale 		
-5			 FLACC scale 		
			 Numerical scale 		
п	12 (T)	Describe the normal	The Healthy Child	Lecture Discussion	Short answer
		growth and development of	 Definition and principles of growth and development 	Demonstration	 Objective typ
		children at different ages	 Factors affecting growth and development 	 Developmental study of infant and children 	 Assessment of field visits and developmental
		Identify the needs of children at different	 Growth and development from birth to adolescence 	Observation study of normal & sick	study reports
		ages & provide parental guidance	 Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) 	childField visit to Anganwadi, child	
	1	Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways	• The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance	auidanca alinia	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
ш	15 (T)	of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children Provide care to normal	 Nutritional needs of children and infants breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material Nursing care of neonate: 	Clinical practice/field Modular based	• OSCE
	13 (1) 20 (L)	Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia Hypothermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit Neonatal equipment 	 Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self-evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion 	 OSCE Short answer Objective typ
IV	10 (T) 5 (L)	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI		Modular based teaching: IMNCI module • Clinical practice/field	• OSCE
v	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system	childhood diseases Respiratory system: • Identification and Nursing	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Others: Acute naso-pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroidism 		
VI	5 (T) 5 (L)	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Childhood emergencies Accidents – causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning PLS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration PLS Module/ Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II CLINICAL (3 Credits - 240 hours)

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER - 2 Credits (160 hours) VI SEMESTER - 1 Credit (80 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and

Simulators PLS, CPAP,

Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing

Procedures:

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- · Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS

8 weeks × 30 hours per week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Application of restraints Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy 	 Nursing care plan 1 Case study presentation - 1 Health talk - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post-operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	 Calculation, preparation & administration of <i>VV</i> fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy 	 Nursing care plan – 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 		
Pediatric OPD/ Immunization room	V Sem – 1 week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional education 	 Growth and developmental study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Schooler – 1 Adolescent – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS) 	 Newborn assessment – 1 Nursing Care Plan – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record

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MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India <i>Current scenario:</i> Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz
		Review vital health • Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate,			

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL/L - Skill Lab/Lab, C - Clinical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			 Maternal death audit 		
		Describe the various national health programs related to	 National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing: 		
		programs related to RMNCH+A	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	 Midwifery-led care units (MLCU) 		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			 INC/MOH&FW regulations 		
			ICM code of ethics		
			 Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care 		
		Discuss the legal and	 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers 		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	 Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/ community) 		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
п	6 (T)	Review the		Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and	reproductive system and conception	Discussion	 Short answer
		physiology of human reproductive system		 Self-directed learning 	• Essay
			Female organs of reproduction	• Models	
			 Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations 	• Videos & films	
			 Foetal skull – bones, sutures, 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			 Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene 		
			 Fertilization, conception and implantation 		
			Embryological development		
			 Placental development and function, placental barrier 		
			Fetal growth and development	Street St	
			Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T)		Assessment and management of	Lecture	Short answer
	10 (L)		normal pregnancy (ante-natal):	Discussion	Objective type
		Provide preconception	Pre-pregnancy Care		
	40 (0)		Review of sexual development (Self Learning)	DemonstrationSelf-Learning	 Assessment of skills with check list
			 Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) 	Health talkRole play	Case study evaluation
			Preconception care	Counseling session	• OSCE
			 Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning) 		
			Planned parenthood		
			Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters)		
		Describe the		 Case discussion/ presentation 	1
		physiology, assessment and management of			
		normal pregnancy	 Physiological changes during pregnancy 	Simulation	
				 Supervised 	
		7	 Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests 	clinical practice	
			Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition		
		4	 Building partnership with women following RMC protocol 		
		4	• Fathers' engagement in maternity care		
			Ante-natal care:		No. Contraction
			1 st Trimesters		
		Demonstrate	 Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation 		
		knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout	Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Refer SBA module & Safe motherhood	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			 Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.) Danger signs during pregnancy 	 Lab tests – performance and interpretation Demonstration 	
			 Respectful care and compassionate communication 	• Roleplay	
			 Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines 		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			 Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope 		
			 Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. 		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			 Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc. 		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester 		
			 Rh negative and prophylactic anti D 		
			 Referral and collaboration, empowerment 		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			• Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester 		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
	194		Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
	131	17 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		 Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's 	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer GoI Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on alternative birthing positions 	
IV 12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	of labour in promoting normal	 Physiology, management and care during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labour Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour Pain management in labour (non- pharmacological) Psychological support – Managing fear 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice - Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment skills with check list OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nutrition during labour		
			Promote positive childbirth experience for women		
			Birth companion		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Second stage		
			Physiology (Mechanism of labour)	Refer ENBC, NSSK module Demonstration	
			Signs of imminent labour		
		Discuss how the	Intrapartum monitoring		
		midwife provides care and support for the	Birth position of choice	Group work	
		women during birth to	Vaginal examination	Scenario based	
		enhance physiological birthing and promote	Psychological support	learning	
		normal birth	Non-directive coaching		
		Assess and provide care of the newborn	 Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth 		
		immediately	Essential newborn care (ENBC)	Simulation	
		following birth	 Immediate assessment and care of the newborn 		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Third Stage		
			 Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis 		
			Physiological management of third stage of labour	Role playDemonstration	
			Active management of third stage of labour (recommended)	• Videos	
			 Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels 		
			 Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required 		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Fourth Stage		
		Discuss the impact of	Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
		labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life	 Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss 		
			 Documentation and Record of birth 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching	 Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula/ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports 		
v	7 (T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	physiology, management and care	 Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow-up of postnatal mothers Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
VI	7 (L)	Discuss the need for and provision of compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn Describe the assessment and care of normal neonate	Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates • Family centered care • Respectful newborn care and communication • Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation • Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies • Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module – newborn 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE

	fime Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management 	management Partial completion of SBA module 	
1	2 (L) 40 (C)	Explain various methods of family planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/ midwives Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence	 Family welfare services Impact of early/frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Recent trends and research in contraception Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS) Legal and rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP adolescents Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review) Importance of follow up and recommended timing Gender related issues in SRH Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife Special courts for abused people Gender sensitive health services including family planning 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits Scenario based learning Discussion Gol guidelines - injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Field visit reports Vignettes

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab - 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical - 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	OSCE Case presentation
Labour room	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 complication readiness Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour 	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	 Assignment case study Case presentation OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward ncluding FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Provide postnatal counseling	 Postnatal counseling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care 	 Case presentation PPIUCD 	
		Provide family welfare services	 Family welfare counseling 	insertion & removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab - 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical - 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility
- SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:
- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and antenatal ward	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers Provide post abortion	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	 Simulation Case presentation OSCE
		care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks		 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis 	 Partograph recording Pain management during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Case presentation 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			 abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony Management of obstetric shock 		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care	 Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications Care of postnatal mothers – 	 Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case studies 	 Role play Assignment Case study Case presentation
		Provide family welfare services	 Care of postnatal moners – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counselling 	 Case studies Case presentation PPIUCD insertion and removal 	SimulationVignettesOSCE
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	1week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation Care of high risk newborn Provide care for	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes OSCE
		newborns in ventilator, incubator etc Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	 Ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation 		
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre & Gynecology	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta 	 Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery Tray set-up for 	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological surgeries

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Areas	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Ward		Care for women with gynecological disorders	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	caesarean section • Care plan	 Case presentation Simulation Vignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

REFERENCE

- 1. DUTTA- -Text book of Obstetrics 4th Ed., -Text book of Gynecology 3rd ed.
- 2. C.S. DAWN- Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13th ed.
- 3. BOBAK JENSEN- Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3rd ed.
- 4. LONGMAN Clinical Obstetrics 9th ed.
- 5. CAMPBELL -Gynecology by ten teachers 17th ed.
- 6. MYLES Text book of Midwifes 14th ed.

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

a

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing
 personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.

- Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15 Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	A CONTRACTOR OF	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	 Health Care and Development of Sursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 Short answer Assessment of assignmen
Π	II 2 (T)	Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of	 Management Basics Applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning Organizing 	Lecture and discussion	MCQ Short answer
	1		Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
ш		Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning Nursing Services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning 	 Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	 Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Strategic planning Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting – concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster 		of problem- solving exercises • Visit Report
IV	4 (T)	Discuss the	Organizing	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		concepts of organizing including hospital organization	 Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital – types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services 	• Assessment of assignmen
v	6 (T)	Identify the significance of human resource management (HRM) and material management and discuss its elements	 Staffing (Human resource management) Definition, objectives, components and functions Staffing & Scheduling Staffing - Philosophy, staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units - Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities 	 Lecture and discussion Role play Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward 	 Formulate Job description a different levels of cara & compare with existing system Preparation o duty roster

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Explain the procedural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process	 Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-Service Education Nature and scope of in-service education program Principles of adult learning – review Planning and organizing in-service educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report Material Resource Management Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit 	• Visit to inventory store of the institution	 Preparation of MMF/records Preparation of log book & condemnation documents Visit Report
VI	5 (T)	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	 Directing and Leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments 	 Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
vn		Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/repor t

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis 	 Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/ department 	Assessment of prepared protocols
IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	 Organizational Behavior and Human Relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review – Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review – Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace – assertive communication Committees – importance in the organization, functioning 	 Lecture and discussion Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations 	Short answe OSCE
x		Describe the financial management related to nursing services	 Financial Management Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department) Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units 	 Lecture cum discussion Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Budget and Budgetary processFinancial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	 Nursing Informatics/ Information Management – Review Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR 	 Review Practice session Visit to departments 	Short answe
XII	1 (T)	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	 Personal Management – Review Emotional intelligence Resilience building Stress and time management – destressing Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS 	 Review Discussion 	
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	 Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations 	 Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	Visit report
XIV			 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, 	 Directed reading - INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment - writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
4 (T)		 computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences Staffing and Student Selection 	 Guided reading on faculty 	 Short answer
	of staffing the college and selecting the students	 Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description Performance appraisal Faculty development Faculty/staff welfare Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement 	 norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Activity report Assessment of job description
4 (T)	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	 Directing and Controlling Review - Curriculum implementation and evaluation Leadership and motivation, supervision - review Guidance and counseling Quality management - educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance Maintaining discipline Institutional records and reports - administrative, faculty, staff and students 	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment and record
	legal issues and laws relevant to nursing	CONSIDERATIONS		
	(Hrs) 4 (T) 4 (T)	(Hrs) Outcomes 4 (T) Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students 4 (T) Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization 4 (T) Identify various legal issues and	(Hrs) Outcomes (Hrs) Outcomes computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative (IT) Develop Staffing and Student Selection understanding Clinical experiences Staffing and Student Selection 4 (IT) Develop Staffing and Student Selection 9 Performance appraisal Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description 9 Performance appraisal Faculty/staff welfare 9 Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement 1 Analyze the leadership and management Review - Curriculum implementation and evaluation 1 Leadership and motivation, supervision - review Guidance and counseling 0 Quality management - educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance 9 Quality management - educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance 4 (IT) Identify various legal issues and functions Professional motivation, students 4 (IT) Identify various legal issues and counseling Nursing as a profession - Characteristics of a professional nurse 9 Nus	Outcomes computer lab, transport facilities computer lab, transport facilities computer lab, transport facilities 4 (T) Develop understanding of legatistanding of staffing the objectives Staffing and Student Selection 9 (T) Develop understanding of staffing the objectives Staffing and Student Selection 9 (T) Paculty/staff selection, performance appraisal • Guided reading on faculty norms • Faculty development • Faculty/staff welfare • Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement • Faculty development • Faculty/staff welfare • Review principles of evaluation • Review - Curriculum implementation and evaluation • Review principles of evaluation • Leadership and management activities in an educational organization • Review - Curriculum implementation and evaluation, supervision – review • Quality management – educational audit • Quality management – educational audit • Writing student record 4 (T) Identify various practice • Nusting pas aprofessional nurse • Nusting as a professional nurse • Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students • Nusting pas aprofessional nurse • Nusting pastice – philosophy, aim and objectives • Nusing as a professional nursing • Regula

10 Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

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MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meetpsychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioural and emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence.
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment o patient management problems
Π	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	 Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment or patient management problems
ш	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	D	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	 Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment opatient management problems
v	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model Coping enhancement Techniques of counseling 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	 Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry and nursing Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion 	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 		
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	 Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM - 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - 1 including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India Review vital health	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL/L - Skill Lab/Lab, C - Clinical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			 Maternal death audit 		
		Describe the various national health programs related to	 National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing: 		
		RMNCH+A	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	 Midwifery-led care units (MLCU) 		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			 INC/MOH&FW regulations 		
			 ICM code of ethics 		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers 		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/ community)		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system	(Maternal, Fetal & Newborn physiology)	 Discussion Self-directed learning 	Short answerEssay
			Female organs of reproduction	Models	
			 Female organs of reproduction Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations 	Videos & films	
			 Foetal skull – bones, sutures, 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			the second s		
			 Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene 		
			 Fertilization, conception and implantation 		
			Embryological development		
			Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			Fetal growth and development		
			• Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T)		Assessment and management of	A T contract	
	10 (L)		normal pregnancy (ante-natal);	Lecture	Short answer
		Provide preconception	Pre-pregnancy Care	• Discussion	 Objective typ
	40 (C)		• Review of sexual development (Self	Demonstration	 Assessment or skills with
			Learning)	Self-Learning	check list
			 Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) 	Health talkRole play	Case study evaluation
			Preconception care	Counseling session	• OSCE
			Pre-conception counseling (including		
		2	awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning)		
		2	Planned parenthood		
			Pregnancy assessment and antenatal		
		Describe the	care (I, II & III Trimesters)	Case discussion/	
		physiology, assessment	Normal pregnancy	presentation	
		and management of	 Physiological changes during 	Simulation	
-		normal pregnancy	pregnancy	 Supervised 	
			Assess and confirm pregnancy:	clinical practice	
			Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory		
			tests		
		-	Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition		
			 Building partnership with women following RMC protocol 		
			• Fathers' engagement in maternity care		
		Saund A	Ante-natal care:		
			1 st Trimesters		
			 Antenatal assessment: History taking, 		
			physical examination, breast		
	1	Demonstrate knowledge, attitude	examination, laboratory investigation		
		and skills of midwifery	Identification and management of	Refer SBA module	
		practice throughout	minor discomforts of pregnancy	& Safe motherhood	
		1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
-		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			• Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.)	 Lab tests – performance and interpretation 	
			 Danger signs during pregnancy 	Demonstration	
			 Respectful care and compassionate communication 	• Roleplay	
			 Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines 		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			 Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope 		
			 Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. 		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care		
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	 Demonstration of antenatal assessment 	
			 Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc. 		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester 		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			 Referral and collaboration, empowerment 		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			• Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester 		
			• Third trimester tests and screening		
			• Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes	State of the second	

Unit Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		 Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's 	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer Gol Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on alternative birthing positions 	
IV 12 (T 12 (L 80 (C) of labour in promoting normal	 during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice - Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nutrition during labour		
			Promote positive childbirth experience for women		
			Birth companion		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Second stage		
			Physiology (Mechanism of labour)	Refer ENBC,	
			Signs of imminent labour	NSSK module	
		Discuss how the	Intrapartum monitoring	Demonstration	
		midwife provides care and support for the	Birth position of choice	Group work	
		women during birth to	Vaginal examination	 Scenario based learning 	
		enhance physiological birthing and promote	 Psychological support 		
		normal birth	Non-directive coaching		
		Assess and provide care of the newborn	 Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth 		
		immediately	Essential newborn care (ENBC)		
		following birth	Immediate assessment and care of the newborn		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Third Stage		
			 Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis 	Simulation	
			 Physiological management of third stage of labour 	Role playDemonstration	
			Active management of third stage of labour (recommended)	• Videos	
			 Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels 		
			 Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required 		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Fourth Stage		
		Discuss the impact of	Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
		labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life	 Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss 		
			Documentation and Record of birth		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching	 Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula/ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports 		
v	7 (T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Postpartum care/Ongoing care of vomen Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow-up of postnatal mothers Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment o skills with checklist OSCE
VI	7 (L)	Discuss the need for and provision of compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn Describe the assessment and care of normal neonate	Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates • Family centered care • Respectful newborn care and communication • Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation • Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies • Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module – newborn 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)		the childbirth (Routine care of	management	Alethous
			 Newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management 	 Partial completion of SBA module 	
VII	2 (L)	Explain various methods of family planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/ midwives	 Family welfare services Impact of early/frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Recent trends and research in contraception Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS) Legal and rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP adolescents Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review) Importance of follow up and recommended timing Gender related issues in SRH Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife Special courts for abused people Gender sensitive health services including family planning 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits Scenario based learning Discussion GoI guidelines - injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Field visit reports Vignettes
		Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) - includes lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit Time	Learning	Content	Teaching / Learning	Assessment
(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I 10 (T)		 Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System Abdominal pain Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Constipation Jaundice GI bleeding Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia Aphthous ulcers Respiratory System Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain Heart & Blood Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders Eye & ENT conditions Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary System Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions – Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral 	 Short answe Essay Field visit reports OSCE assessment

Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	Content Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting) Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India Antenatal care Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy Antenatal care at health centre level Birth preparedness High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports Intra natal care Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour Care of women after labour Care of women after labour Care of newborn immediately after birth Maintenance of records and reports Use of Safe child birth check list SBA module – Review Organization of labour room Postpartum care Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression		
	Outcomes Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and childcare, including adolescent care in the urban and rural	OutcomesProvide reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings• Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child care, including adolescent reare in the urban and rural health care settings• Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling• Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling• Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy • Antenatal care at health centre level • Birth preparedness• High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis• Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reportsIntra natal care• Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour• Monitoring and active management, referral and follow up - pretern labour, fatel distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus• Care of newborn immediately after birth 	OutcomesActivitiesProvide reproductive, maternal, newborn, child reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and child health in India- Lecture - Discussion - Demonstration - Demonstration - Resert situation of reproductive, maternal newborn, indiki Attenatal care - Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, - Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy - Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy - Antenatal care at health centre level - Birth preparedness - High risk approach - Screening/early identification and primary management of complications - Antepartun hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabeter smellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis - Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports- Assessment of antenatal care - Normal labour - process, onset, stages of labour• Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour - Care of newborn immediately after birth - Maintenance of records and reports - Use of Safe child birth check list - SBA module - Review - Organization of labour room - Descurse, presenting and follow up - preterm labour, refer al and follow up - preterm labour, fed distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & prennial tears, ruptured uterus• Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, die during lactation, and health counseling• Delpectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, die during lactation, and health counseling• Discussion - Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up o complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, pueperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Newborn and child care		
			Review: Essential newborn care		
			Management of common neonatal problems		
			 Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral 		
20			Review: IMNCI Module		
			Under five clinics		
			Adolescent Health		
			Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys		
			 Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse 		
			 Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme 		
		Promote adolescent	Youth friendly services:		
		health and youth	 SRH Service needs 		
		friendly services	 Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication 	 Screen, manage and refer adolescents Counsel adolescents 	
			 Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS – balanced counseling strategy) 		
			National Programs		
			 RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems 		
			 Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines – Review 		
			 Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children 		
			 Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) – adolscents 		
			Any other new programs		

Unit Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ш 4(Т)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data Review: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques Disaggregation of data 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay
IV 6 (T)	explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India	 Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay OSCE assessment Counseling or family planning
V 5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the	Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Essay Short answer Clinical performance
	role of nurses in	• ESI Act	Role play	performan

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		occupational health programs	 National/ State Occupational Health Programs Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	 Suggested field visits Field practice 	Evaluation
VI	6 (T)	 problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programs/Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 		 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report of elderly home Essay Short answer
VII	6 (T)	for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders Review: Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction program National Mental Health Program National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Essay Short answer Counseling report
VIII 4 (T) Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention Health Manageme (HMIS) • Introduction to he data elements, red formats, data qua . Review: • Basic Demogra • Sources of vital		effective management of health information in community diagnosis and	 Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues <i>Review:</i> Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency 	DiscussionDemonstration	 Group project report Essay Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
			 Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	management		
IX	X 12 (T) Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas		 Management of delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services 	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised field practice 	 Essay Short answe Filed visit reports 	
X		supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)	 Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Willess Health Societies and Network 		 Report on interaction with MPHWs HVs, ASHA AWWs Participation in training programs Essay Short answer 	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Accounting and book keeping requirements accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting Preparing a budget Audit Records & Reports: Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records 		
			 Electronic Medical Records (EMR) – capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting 		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 Disaster Management Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies 	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines - 2016, 2018 (Review) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site 	 Field visit report
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of	Health Agencies	• Lecture	• Essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		various national and international health agencies	 International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA) 	 Discussion Field visits 	Short answer

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum - 2 credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common conditions/ emergencies Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Promote adolescent health	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn Conduction of normal delivery at health center Newborn care Counsel adolescents Family planning counselling Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives 	 Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Minor ailments - 2 Emergencies - 1 Dental problems - 1 Eye problems - 1 Ear, nose, and throat problems - 1 High risk pregnant woman - 1 High risk neonate - 1 Assessment of antenatal - 1, intrapartum - 1, postnatal - 1 and newborn - 1 Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation - 2 Immediate newborn care and documentation - 1 Adolescent counseling - 1 Family planning counselling - 	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University) Clinical performance assessment OSCE

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Provide family welfare services	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	1 • Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	 Family Case study evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem	 Health assessment of elderly Mental health 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1 	
		Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately	screening	 Health assessment (Physical & 	 Clinical performance evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy	 Participation in Community diagnosis – data management 	Mental health screening survey	• OSCE
		Participate in community diagnosis – data management	 Writing health center activity report Organizing and conducting 	 - 1 Group project: Community diagnosis – data management 	
		Participate in health centre activities	 Participation in disaster mock drills 	 Write report on health center activities – 1 	
		Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		 Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five clinic/Health camp – 1 	 Project evaluation
		Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		 Participation in disaster mock drills 	
		Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process		 Field visit to bio-medical waste management site 	
				Visit to AYUSH clinic	